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LITTLE INTEREST TAKEN IN COMING PRIMARIES

Farmers Too Busy Now to Bother With Politics.

LIGHT VOTE LOOKED FOR

Brumbaugh's Campaign Itinerary Does Not Include Visit to Centre County—Local Contests Not Attracting Much Attention.

Although the primaries are but twelve days off, the Republican factional fight in the State has been without any incident of particular note in the last week. Governor Brumbaugh has undertaken a campaign tour of the State, but ill health has necessitated a curtailment in the program originally mapped out for him by Attorney General Brown, his political manager. Instead of making a half dozen or more speeches each day, the Governor has limited his speaking engagements to night meetings, only.

So far as may be learned the Governor's itinerary does not include a visit to Centre County. When the candidacy of Professor C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, for nomination for Assembly on a local option platform was launched some weeks ago it was stated by members of the committee that visited the Governor in Harrisburg that he had volunteered to come to Centre County whenever his services might be desired. Since that time nothing has been heard here as to a meeting to be addressed by the Governor in the interest of Gramley.

An odd feature of the campaign in Centre Couniy is that while there are opposing slates of candidates in the field for Republican nominations there has thus far been little or no interest manifested in the fight by the public. One hears little or no discussion on the street regarding local contests and a mild curiosity only is expressed as to the outcome of the State fight. Organization Republicans generally are supporting the candidacy of Harry B. Scott, of Philipsburg, for renomination for Assembly and among them there is expressed the belief that he will win. Friends of Gramley volunteer the statement that in the present campaign the temperance forces will vote as they talk and consequently the result at the primaries will surprise the opposition camp.

It is a foregone conclusion that the vote at the primaries in Centre and other agricultural counties will be exceedingly light. Farmers are far behind in their work and it is entirely probable that a large percentage of them will not spare the time necessary to go to the polls.

A Splendid Candidate.

"Clearfield offers a distinguished candidate for the place of delegate to the Republican National convention from the 21st Congressional district in the person of William I. Swope, lawyer, orator and for twenty years a conspicuous figure in Republican politics in Pennsylvania. Mr. Swope claims a long record of service to his party. He has been a delegate to the state convention, and is now a member of the Republican State Committee. He has been honored with office in Clearfield county, serving two terms as prosecuting attorney, and was chairman of the county committee for three years. Since 1896 Mr. Swope has figured in every campaign in this state, and since 1900 has been one of the trongest orators on the staff of the National Committee, stumping twelve states in the interests of the party. Mr. Swope is admirably qualified for the honor to which he aspires, and we can think of no one whom the Republicans of the 21st district could more fittingly and gracefully reward."—The Clearfield Progress.

Birth of a Nation

"The Birth of a Nation" is due for an engagement at the Garman Opera House May 31st and June 1st, when D. W. Griffith's mighty spectacle will be offered for the first time here. This is the great attraction which has broken all records in New York City and has also to its credit record runs in Boston, Chicago and elsewhere. It takes four cars to transport the big organization. In the story proper 18,000 people and 3,000 horses are seen. The story tells in thrilling detail the relationship that the rise and fall of slavery in this country bore to the making of American history. It is the greatest achievement ever seen upon the American stage.

J. N. Casanova Dead.

J. N. Casanova, at one time a prominent resident of Philipsburg, in later years residing in New York, died in the latter city on April 20th.

CONVICT GETS AWAY

Prisoner at New Penitentiary Struck for Mountains Wednesday Evening.

Harold Enfield, a convict at the new penitentiary, escaped some time Wednesday evening. A number of prison guards are in the mountains searching for him but thus far Enfield has been able to evade them.

Heretofore when a prisoner escaped the big siren whistle at the penitentiary has been sounded. When Enfield escaped, however, the customary alarm was not given. The theory of the officials was that the sounding of the alarm naturally would be heard by Enfield and notify him that his escape had been detected and thereby put him on his guard. Apparently this plan did not accomplish much, if anything. Officers hurried in all directions and spent the entire night in the mountains, but their man was not to be located. It is believed that Enfield headed toward Tyrone, planning to board a freight train somewhere along the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Enfield is an Englishman. He is 5 feet, 2¼ inches tall, is 31 years old, weighs 140 pounds, has light hair and blue eyes. When he escaped he wore a blue cap, blue coat and blue trousers.

His underclothing bears the prison number 7320.

Sylvester R. Pringle Dead.

Sylvester Ritz Pringle died at his home in Port Matilda, on Monday at 9:30 a. m. after an illness of more than seven weeks. He was a pioneer settler of Bald Eagle valley, locating in Centre County in 1861. At the time he was in the stone business, subsequently followed farming and later went into the undertaking and mercantile business in which he was engaged at the time of his death. He was also postmaster at Port Matilda under President Harrison. Mr. Pringle was of a generous nature, of strong Christian convictions and honest principles. His many friends attest to his upright character. He was a member of the I. O. O. F., Stormstown Lodge 845, and local state and national Funeral Directors' associations. His wife, Catherine, died in1908. Surviving children are Alice, Mrs. W. M. Lingenfelter and Miss Elizabeth Pringle, of Altoona; Mrs. M. F. McKelvey, of East Altoona; John F. of Smithton; Mrs. A. B. Williams and Chester M., of Port Matilda. He is also survived by one sister, Miss Jennie Pringle, of Warren, Pa. Interment was made at Port Matilda Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Catherine Gross Dead.

Mrs. Catherine Gross died at her late home in Bellefonte at 9.45 o'clock last Friday night, after an illness of several months. The deceased was a highly esteemed resident of Bellefonte for forty-one years. Her maiden name was Catherine Laird. She was a daughter of Wilson Laird and was born in Juniata County. She was married in Bellefonte to George Gross, of Chambersburg who came here to be employed in the old Bellefonte car shops. Her husband preceded her to the grave. Surviving are two sons, John and Edward, both of Bellefonte. Surviving also are two sisters: Margaret Laird, of Mifflintown, and Mrs. Nancy J. Leach, of Port Royal. Funeral services were held from the late home on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Rev. Mr. McKinney and Rev. Dr. Schmidt officiating. Interment was made in the Union cemetery.

Albert E. Rumberger Dead.

Albert E. Rumberger, postmaster at Patton, Pa., and son of G. W. and Margaret A. Rumberger, of Unionville, died at the Spangler hospital on last Sunday evening at 6.30 o'clock. His death resulted from the effects of an operation for appendicitis performed just one week previously. The deceased was born near Fillmore March 21st, 1886, making his age 36 years, 1 month and 9 days. Surviving in addition to his parents are a widow and three small children, also these brothers and sisters: Harry D. Rumberger, of Philipsburg; George F., William H., and John C., of DuBois; Mrs. J. E. Brugger, of Unionville; Mrs. E. M. Griest, of Philipsburg; Mrs. A. F. Halderman, also Miss Laura Rumberger, of Unionville.

Lester Foreman Dead.

Lester Foreman, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Foreman, of Bellefonte, died at his late home on Friday of last week. Funeral services were held on Monday. He had been in poor health for some time. He was a High School graduate and was held in high esteem by many friends. His age at the time of death was 21 years, 11 months and 4 days. Surviving are his parents, one brother Arthur, and three sisters: Mrs. Harry Thompson and Mrs. Winfield Dunlap, of Bellefonte, and Miss Annie Foreman, of Williamsport.

THREE MEN APPEAL FOR NEW COURT TRIALS

B. P. Swartz and Frank Columbine Cases are Argued.

SCHENCK CASE TODAY

Operators of Small Mine Directed by Court to Make Prompt Settlement for Coal Taken Out After Levy Had Been Made on Property.

Argument Court has been in progress before Judge Quigley since Tuesday morning. Argument was heard on Tuesday on applications for new trials for B. P. Swartz and Frank Columbine, convicted of writing or posting "black hand" letters, also in the matter of a petition filed by Nannie Decker for the appointment of a receiver for John C. Rearick. In the matter of an appeal in the case of Mendes vs Schad Judge Quigley refused a new trial. In the original proceeding the jury awarded Peter Mendes $115. Another case argued on Tuesday was that of the Cato Coal Co. vs Walker, Anderson and Herr. It was set forth that following a levy on a mine the defendants continued to take out coal. Judge Quigley directed that the defendants make settlement for the coal so mined by May 15th, or appear in court on that date for further disposition of the case. Should the three defendants be adjudged guilty of contempt of court they may be subjected to a fine or a term in prison.

On Wednesday argument was heard in the case of Lillie C. Etters vs. G. F. Musser and others. Involved is a claim for upward of $1100 for maintenance of Mrs. Emanuel Musser.

Today argument is being heard in the matter of the appeal of Hayes Schenck, of Howard, for a new trial. Frederick J. Shoyer, of Philadelphia, representing the Attorney General's department at Harrisburg, conducted the argument for the commonwealth.

Garland for Congress.

Local Labor men are considerably interested in securing a big vote for Congressman-at-Large M. M. Garland, who is a candidate for re-election. Mr. Garland was formerly President of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, and was also a Vice President of the American Federation of Labor, and in connection with these two high positions traveled the country extensively and became one of the best known labor leaders in the land. He is now General Dictator of the Loyal Order of Moose of the World.

During the present term of Congress Mr. Garland introduced a Bill, known as "Made in U. S. A.," making it compulsory to mark all manufactured good with the name of the country of their manufacture and thus protect American industries.

He also introduced a resolution calling for the appointment of a Joint Commission to report on a plan for Vocational Education combined with Military-Naval Training, so that an opportunity would be given the deserving poor boy to acquire a Free University Education.

Mr. Garland made a rousing speech in favor of the Immigration Bill in which he is intensely interested, and also addressed the House in favor of repealing the Free Sugar provision.

Good Roads Meeting.

The Governor having designated Thursday, May 25th, as "Good Roads Day," all interested in this movement are requested to meet at the Grand Jury room in the Court House Tuesday evening, May 9th, at 7.30 o'clock at which time plans will be formulated for effective work in various parts of the county on the day specified.

Other sections of the state have in the past accomplished great results and there is no reason why Centre County should not turn in and show that we are leaders in this as well as in other important matters. Hearty co-operation is absolutely necessary and it is therefore to be hoped that the meeting will be generously attended.

Strike in Pittsburg.

Every street car in Pittsburgh was tied up on Monday, a complete strike of the system being in order. A compromise was effected on Tuesday and the men returned to work.

Commissioner Cunningham Dead.

State Highway Commissioner Robert J. Cunningham died suddenly at his late home near Pittsburg on Thursday of last week. His death was due to hardening of the arteries.

OFFICIAL REGISTRATION SHOWS REPUBLICAN GAINS

Corresponding Democratic Slump in the County.

REPS. 5462; DEMS. 4376

Washington Party Enrollment Shows Gradual Decline of Party Here—Figures Foreshadow Republican Victory in November.

The official registration of voters in Centre County as filed at the Court House shows the Republican party again far in the lead of the Democratic party. Likewise, the official figures show the continued decline of the Washington party.

The official registration figures as compiled by "The Republican" give the Republican enrolled voters in Centre County as 5462 and the Democratic enrollment as 4376, the difference in favor of the Republicans being nearly 1100. The Washington party enrollment is 185.

In 1915 the Republican enrollment in the county was 5450 and the Democratic enrollment was 4295. The Washington party enrollment was 208. Comparison of the enrollment in the two years shows a Republican gain of 12, a Democratic loss of 81 and a Washington party loss of 23. The enrollment in the county by boroughs and townships follows:

BOROUGHS AND DISTRICTS.	Rep.	Dem.	Wash.
Bellefonte, North ward	330	150	5
Bellefonte, South ward	256	203	6
Bellefonte, West ward	85	76	6
Centre Hall borough	53	114	2
Howard borough	142	55	2
Milesburg borough	129	22	0
Millheim borough	34	112	0
Philipsburg, First ward	116	49	16
Philipsburg, Second ward	140	99	7
Philipsburg, Third Ward	178	85	12
South Philipsburg	60	21	4
Snow Shoe borough	101	68	1
State College borough	255	163	24
Unionville borough	39	24	15
Benner Twp, North precinct	67	62	3
Benner Twp, South precinct	54	30	2
Boggs Twp, North precinct	43	17	0
Boggs Twp, Eastern precinct	90	40	4
Boggs Twp, Western precinct	110	48	2
Burnside township	32	17	0
College township	183	112	2
Curtin Twp, North precinct	49	32	2
Curtin Twp, South precinct	53	47	0
Ferguson Twp, Eastern precinct	128	173	0
Ferguson Twp, Western precinct	88	34	2
Gregg Twp, Northern precinct	9	66	0
Gregg Twp, Eastern precinct	31	109	0
Gregg Twp, Western precinct	64	144	0
Haines Twp, Eastern precinct	45	83	0
Haines Twp, Western precinct	71	115	3
Halfmoon township	97	28	0
Harris township, East precinct	25	53	0
Harris township, West precinct	48	71	15
Howard township	91	55	0
Huston township	104	68	2
Liberty Twp, East precinct	176	67	9
Liberty Twp, West precinct	28	9	4
Marion township	42	65	0
Miles Twp, Eastern precinct	18	57	1
Miles Twp, Middle precinct	42	134	1
Miles Twp, Western precinct	10	72	0
Patton township	112	55	1
Penn township	42	185	0
Potter Twp, Northern precinct	36	100	0
Potter Twp, Southern precinct	37	84	0
Potter Twp, Western precinct	10	77	0
Rush Twp, Northern precinct	130	96	4
Rush Twp, Eastern precinct	47	28	0
Rush Twp, Southern precinct	128	30	1
Rush Twp, Western precinct	104	74	1
Snow Shoe Twp, Eastern precinct	227	27	0
Snow Shoe Twp, Western precinct	70	51	1
Spring Twp, Northern precinct	102	79	0
Spring Twp, Southern precinct	167	118	2
Spring Twp, Western precinct	139	49	3
Taylor township	92	11	0
Union township	118	30	12
Walker Twp, East precinct	50	53	0
Walker Twp, Middle precinct	27	58	1
Walker Twp, West precinct	24	70	1
Worth township	114	53	2
Total	5462	4376	185

New Bituminous Coal Map.

A new map of the bituminous coal region of Pennsylvania, showing the present lines of the districts for inspection purposes, the location of mines and other information of value to the great industry of the western part of the state is being prepared by the Department of mines. The work has been under way for some time and a report may be submitted to Chief James E. Roderick in a few weeks.

This map will be the first complete and accurate work pertaining to the soft coal region to be issued in years and many changes will be noted on it. Many surveys have been made and a large amount of data gathered for the charting.

Leg Crushed by Stone.

Charles Lee, of Coleville, was painfully injured while at work on Wednesday at the lime stone quarry of the Chemical Lime Co. A heavy stone fell upon his right leg. The ankle is badly bruised, but the physicians have thus far been unable to determine whether any bones have been broken. He was taken to the hospital.

Electrocuted on Monday.

Henry J. H. Webb, colored, was electrocuted at the death house at Rockview early Monday morning. Webb was convicted of murder in Allegheny County. The execution was witnessed by but six persons in addition to prison officials, physicians and clergymen.

Y. M. C. A. Community Centre.

The Y. M. C. A. of Bellefonte will begin a "Swimming Campaign" next Monday, May 8th, for two weeks and anyone who becomes a member in that time will be given the privilege of baths and swimming pool at the special rate of twenty-five cents a month for boys and girls, or one dollar for four months and fifty cents a month for men and women, or two dollars for the four months. A party of men and women, boys and girls will canvass the community next week. They will be divided into two teams and will attempt to enlist everyone. Friday nights will be "Parents' Night" when the boys and girls can go in with their parents.

The Board of Directors' aim is to make the building a community centre where everyone can attend and have some interest in the greatest equipment that any town has for the size. The farmers and people living in nearby towns may take advantage of this privilege, their autos will be cared for in the rear of the building and when they come into town for the day they will be given the use of kitchen and dining-room free, also a special rest-room for women.

The opening of this community idea will be next Friday night, May 12th, when orchestra music, swimming by parents and their families and a general good time is expected. Everyone is invited.

A series of free lectures are being contemplated on subjects of interest to all communities, such as stock raising, sanitation, hygiene emergencies, ect., illustrated by sterioptican.

Penn State Summer Session.

Preparations for twelve hundred students at the Pennsylvania State College Summer Session which opens June 26 were announced this week by Dr. E. R. Smith, the director. There are several new courses never before offered, making a total of 166 different course in charge of seventy instructors. This instruction force has been strengthened in all departments to meet the increase in attendance at the last few sessions. The new courses will be given in Agriculture, Home Economics, Education, English, Journalism, German History, Industrial Education, Music, Industrial and fine Arts, Public Speaking, and Spanish. Most of the work of the session will be in charge of the regular instructional staff of the college but a number of teachers from other institutions have been engaged.

Railroad Discontinued.

Announcement has been made that on May 31st, next, traffic will be discontinued on the White Deer & Loganton railroad. After that date Loganton residents will be without railroad service. Mails will be delivered by rural carriers or stage.

Important Business Change.

An important business change took place on Monday, in Philipsburg, when A. B. Curtis purchased the interest of his partners, George R. Mock and D. B. Gardner, in the Philipsburg Beef Co's. wholesale plant, assuming charge of the same immediately.

STATE TROOPS SENT TO STRIKE SECTION

Turbulent Scenes in Mills in Western Penna.

SEVERAL ARE KILLED

Four Troops of Cavalry Rushed to Trouble Zone Tuesday Night—Sheridan Troop of Tyrone Among Those Called Out for Service.

As a result of rioting in western Pennsylvania where thousands of mill workers are on a strike, the Eighteenth and Tenth Regiments Infantry and State cavalry troops from Tyrone, Harrisburg, Sunbury and Pittsburgh on Tuesday night were called out for immediate service. The infantrymen and cavalrymen were landed in the strike zone early Wednesday morning. The principal rioting occured on Tuesday at the Edgar Thompson works of the Carnegie Steel Company in Braddock, although there were minor disturbances in several other towns near by Pittsburgh.

Colonel John P. Wood, commander of the First Troop of Cavalry, was in Bellefonte conducting an inspection of Troop L, when Governor Brumbaugh ordered out the troops in response to an appeal from Sheriff Richards of Allegheny County. Colonel Wood received word about 10 o'clock at night that the troops were to start for Pittsburgh and he made a flying trip in an automobile to Tyrone, where he joined the cavalrymen enroute to the scene of the trouble. The Sheridan Troop of Tyrone had been in readiness since last week for a call to the strike zone and the troopers entrained one hour after receipt of orders from Adjutant General Stewart, at Harrisburg. Troop L, of Bellefonte, was not ordered out owing to the fact that the command is undergoing a process of reorganization and at present is not fully recruited.

Two strikers were killed and several score were injured in Tuesday's riots in Braddock. Deputy Sheriffs and private guards were attacked by several thousand strikers and fired volley after volley into the mob. Numerous arrests were made after order had been restored.

The men are striking for higher wages and an 8-hour working day.

Fined for Mailing Venison

Daniel C. Couder, a lumberman of Union Township, Huntingdon County, was fined $100 at a hearing before Justice of the Peace David S. Black, at Huntingdon, on Monday, on the charge of attempting to send a piece of venison by parcel post from the Mapleton station. When questioned by Postmaster Bruce Yocum as to the contents of the package Couder is alleged to have replied that it was merchandise. Postmaster Yocum subsequently investigated and found the package to contain venison. The matter was turned over to the State game wardens and Couder's prosecution followed. Cowder will appeal.

Marriage Licenses.

Register Frank Sasserman has issued the following marriage licenses:

Paul S. Witmer, Helen E. Poorman,	Bellefonte, "
M. D. Garman, Nancy J. Shultz,	Curtin, Milesburg
Stephen Tincoe, Mary Coley,	Osceola Mills, Philipsburg
J. Ellis Stine, Ida B. Barnes,	Bellefonte, Hublersburg
Fred Bender, Elizabeth M. Diehl,	Turtle Creek, Rebersburg
James K. Straton, Mary E. Hickson,	Philipsburg, Hawk Run
Mike Cipoob, Amelia Keepka,	Clarence, "

Granted Electric Ordinance

The State-Centre Electric Co. on Monday night was awarded the privilege of extending its line through Beech Creek borough. The borough Council of Beech Creek held a meeting and after thoroughly considering the matter voted to adopt the ordinance. It is the intention of the State-Centre Electric Co. to extend a line from the Milesburg plant to Beech Creek. The line will follow the Bald Eagle creek route.

New Trial Refused

The Superior Court last Saturday handed down an opinion and decree affirming the Centre County Court in refusing a new trial in the case of Commonwealth vs Isaac Harpster. The appeal to the higher court was filed in May, 1915. The original charge on which Harpster was convicted in the lower court was brought by Roxie Rossman.

PENROSE CONFIDENT.

Senator Says His Friends Will Triumph Over Governor Brumbaugh.

While in Pittsburg last Friday Senator Penrose predicted that Governor Brumbaugh would not win out in his movement to secure control of the Pennsylvania delegation to the Republican National convention. Senator Penrose said:—

"The candidacy of Gov. Martin G. Brumbaugh for President is not taken seriously. It is discredited and not in good faith, and it will be found that his vote will be nominal. The question of having some candidate register against him was carefully considered by the Republican leaders of the state, but such action was considered totally unnecessary.

"Quite a number of Republicans in Pennsylvania wanted me to announce as a candidate for President against the Governor. I am playing my cards above the table and would not allow the use of my name, as my candidacy would not have been in good faith. My reports from every section of the state indicate that the Republicans are not seriously considering the preferential presidential primaries and will indicate their lack of interest in them by refraining to vote on that question. The vote for the Governor will not only be nominal, but he will be defeated as a candidate for delegate-at-large."

In reply to a query about the election of an unpledged delegation from Pennsylvania, Mr Penrose said:

"I am satisfied that the delegates at-large from Pennsylvania to the Chicago convention will be unpledged, and that the great bulk of the delegates in the state will be uninstructed. Not only in Pennsylvania, but throughout the country, I have never seen a more representative class of men put forward as delegates than are shown on the lists this year. Three-fourths of the delegates will go to Chicago unpledged ready to select the candidate who will be best for the country. Selfish interests will not govern them."

When asked for an expression about the contest for nominations on the state ticket, Senator Penrose said:

"Philander C. Knox will be the nominee for United States Senator without opposition. Senator Charles A. Snyder for Auditor General and Harmon M. Kephart for State Treasurer will be overwhelmingly nominated. I am satisfied that they will carry Philadelphia. The situation in that city is daily improving.

"The contest for Representatives-at-Large in Congress is centered against Representative John R. K. Scott of Philadelphia and Representative Daniel F. Lafean of York. Against them the Republicans of the state generally are supporting Joseph P. McLaughlin of Philadelphia, national president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and Isadore Sobel, former postmaster of Erie. Both men bring great strength to their candidacies and I am satisfied they will win. There is no fight being made against the renominations of Representatives Thomas S. Crago of Waynesburg and M. M. Garland of Allegheny county. Their success is assured."

Questioned concerning his candidacy for Republican national committeeman from Pennsylvania, Senator Penrose said:

"I am not a candidate for the seat in the sense that I am seeking it. My name has been mentioned for the office, and if the Republican State Committee sees fit to select me at its meeting to be held just before the national convention, I will accept. My term will not begin until after the nominations are made at Chicago.

Mrs. Lemuel W. Watson Dead.

Mrs. Lemuel W. Watson died at Snow Shoe on April 19.h, aged 33 years. Mrs. Watson's maiden name was Beula Peters, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Peters, of Milesburg. She was born at Milesburg, Aug. 21, 1883. She was married to Lemuel Watson Feby. 15th 1904. She resided nearly all of her married life at Snow Show, her husband being a clerk for the P. R. R. Mrs. Watson was converted at the age of 16 and united with the Baptist Church at Milesburg. She was a faithful and consistent member of that church up to the time that Mr. Watson moved to Snow Shoe, when she became a member of the Messiah Church there. All her life she was a faithful member and took a very active part in Church at Snow Shoe, and when her health permitted she was always at her post of duty in God's house. She was an earnest sincere Christian, a faithful wife and ideal mother. She leaves to mourn her death the following brothers and sisters; Charles, of Lewistown; Harry, of Milesburg; Edward, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Scott Walker and Mrs. A. E. Swartz, of Snow Shoe. Together with her parents, who are still living she leaves her husband and family of four children; Gilbert 12 years, Harold 10, Ambroze and Mildred 6. The funeral was held at the Methodist Church Saturday April 22nd, burial in Disciple cemetery at Snow Shoe. Rev. Mr. Hodgson had charge of funeral.

Itch! Itch! Itch!—Scratch! Scratch! Scratch! The more you scratch, the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. For eczema, any skin itching. 50c a box.

DEBATE WINNERS

Bellefonte and Boalsburg Contestants Take Honors at Altoona.

A fair size audience was present to hear the debate given in the assembly room of the central grammar school at Altoona last Friday evening by teams of the Central Pennsylvania Debating association representing Blair, Bedford, Centre and Clearfield counties. The debate was given under the auspices of the Altoona Chamber of Commerce and was presided over by Manager George H. Mosser.

The subject for debate was, "Resolved, That the cause of peace can best be preserved by means of extensive warlike preparations on the part of the great world powers."

Four of the debaters chose the affirmative and six the negative. Those who advocated warlike preparations were Ray Durst and Leo Frazier, of the Bellefonte High school, and Wardner C. VanEtten and Abe Cohen, DuBois high school.

The following argued against warlike preparations: Howard Kepler, of Woodbury high school; Miles Thomas, Boalsburg; Thomas E. Cooley, DuBois, and Alfred Barnet, Calvin Moore and Byron Sell, of the Altoona high school.

Each was limited to fifteen minutes in presenting his arguments. The judges were C. C. Greer, of Johnstown, former district attorney of Cambria county; John E. Gable, editor of the Johnstown Leader, and Professor William M. Rife, city superintendent of the Huntingdon schools.

After listening to the arguments they decided that Lee Frazier, of the Bellefonte high school; Miles Thomas, of the Boalsburg high school, and Thomas E. Cooley, of the DuBois high school, presented the best prepared arguments and were the winners of the contest.

The first named argued in favor of the affirmative. The two other winners had the negative side of the question. The winners of the contest—two of whom are from Centre county and the other from Clearfield county—will represent this district at the debate to be given at State College in the near future.

NO DIFFERENCE

The Proof Is Here the Same As Everywhere.

For those who seek relief from kidney backache, weak kidneys, bladder ills, Doan's Kidney Pills offer hope of relief and the proof is here in Bellefonte the same as everywhere. Bellefonte people have used Doan's and Bellefonte people recommend Doan's, the kidney remedy used in America for fifty years. Why suffer? Why run the risk of dangerous kidney ills fatal Bright's disease. Here's Bellefonte proof. Investigate it.

Mrs. Sara Miller, 210 E. Howard St., Bellefonte, says: "I had pains in my back and a dull ache across my loins. I also had headaches and dizzy spells and spots floated before my eyes. I couldn't do any lifting and if I sat down, I could hardly get up without help. I also had rheumatic twinges. Two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills removed the rheumatic pains and the other ailments. I have had very little trouble since."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Miller had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 35 years. $1.00 a bottle.

Read "The Republican" $1.50 a year.

ÆTNA

A Welcome Pay Envelope

HONEST, old man, I don't know what we would have done without that ÆTNA ACCUMULATIVE ACCIDENT POLICY.

When a fellow lives on the "no-work-no-pay basis" and has nothing to fall back on, a cracked head and a broken arm don't get him anything. All he can do is sit around and wonder how the wife can scrape together enough to keep the family going. He just naturally worries himself twice as sick.

But this Ætna Accident Policy takes the place of the pay envelope. Gives you $50 a week as long as you're totally disabled by your injuries and $25 a week even though you are only partially disabled by them. Pays the bill for a surgical operation, too.

All you do is sit back and tell your broken head and arm: "All right, boys, take your time about healing. I'm provided for until you're fit again."

ÆTNA-IZE

Safeguard YOUR income against accident. Protect YOUR home from want. Let us explain how easy it is—how cheap. Write or telephone.

John F. Gray & Son
Bellefonte - Pa.

Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder William H. Brown has recorded the following real estate transfers:

J. L. Spangler, et al, to Mary E. Lambert, tract in Bellefonte; $200.

Julia C. Harvey, et al, to Charles E. Woodring, tract in State College; $1000.

William L. Foster, et al, to Charles E Woodring, tract in State College; $2200.

Charles F. Kicks, et al, to Charles E. Woodring, tract in State College; $250.

E. P. McCormick to Joseph Jaekiz, et al, tract in South Philipsburg; $25.

Thomas Foster et al, to Mary Homan, tract in State College; $500.

Thomas Foster, et al, to George W. Homan, tract in State College; $450.

John Peters to Wm. J. White, tract in Union Twp.; $450.

E. A. Bartges, et ux, to L. E. Bartges, tract in Penn Twp.; $3915.

William M. Allison to Michael B. Rich, tract in Gregg Twp.; $1000.

Michael B. Rich, et ux, to Penn Milk Co., tract in Gregg Twp.; $1000.

Cyrus Brungart, et ux, to Harry L Wetzel, tract in Penn Twp.; $250.

Gertrude Williams, et bar, to Al. L. Bowersox, tract in Ferguson Twp.; $1700.

Ellie Garman, et bar, to Willis Wion, tract in Bellefonte; $1950.

W. H. Balusser, et ux, to Bruce Ripka, tract in Potter Twp.; $80.

Annie Kern to Geo. Z. Kern, tract in Miles Twp.; $600.

Geo. Z. Kern, et ux, to John A. Herb, tract in Miles Twp.; $840.

Harry Evert to Elizabeth Evert, et al tract in Penn Twp.; $2100.

Charles D. Soneal, et al, to John Delige, tract in Philipsburg; $400.

John M. Hartswick, et al, to Wallace Woomer, tract in Ferguson Twp.; $300.

A. J. Stover, Exr., to W. L. Campbell, tract in Coburn; $1657.

John Hook, et al, to Theo. Davis Boal, tract in Harris Twp.; $950.

John Hook's Exr., to L. Mothersbaugh tract in Harris Twp.; $2000.

James H Neese, et ux, to James J. James, tract in Liberty Twp.; $2155.

Thomas S. Winslow, et al, to William Singer, tract in Liberty Twp.; $60.

W. F. Crotzer, et ux, to William Singer, tract in Liberty Twp.; $80.

Samuel Glossner's, Admr., to William Singer, tract in Liberty Twp. $735.95.

Charles E. Woodring to Minnie Zigler, tract in State College; $800.

A. B. Newman, et ux, to John L. Holmes, tract in State College; $2500.

State Agricultural Notes.

Cold storage warehouses in Pennsylvania reported 58 608 barrels and 27,382 boxes of apples on storage on April 1.

Twenty per cent of the corn ground to be sown this spring was ploughed last fall and some during the warm spell in January.

There was an average of seven weeks snow protection to the wheat and rye throughout the State. This varied from four weeks in the southern tier to ten weeks in the northern tier counties.

One year ago on April 1, the average price of potatoes to the farmer of Pennsylvania was fifty-four cents a bushel and this year the price received by the farmers on an average in the State is $1.16.

The average price of eggs paid to the farmers in the State on April 1 was twenty-three cents a dozen. Franklin Fulton and Perry county prices averaged 18 cents a dozen while the highest prices were Philadelphia 29 cents, and Allegheny, Beaver and Delaware 28 cents.

The average price realized by the farmers for butter on April 1 was 28 cents a pound. Fulton county averaged 25 cents and Greene county 26 cents a pound. Philadelphia and Montgomery prices were 42 cents, Delaware 41 cents and Bucks 40 cents.

Many cases of hog cholera reported to the Livestock Sanitary Board of the Department of Agriculture have been traced to animals sold at public sales.

Jefferson county constables have already killed 254 dogs that were not licensed and it is expected that a total of 700 unlicensed dogs will be killed. In many counties the constables are killing all dogs that have not been registered and licensed according to the dog tax act.

Lancaster county will greatly increase the acreage in pickles this season as there is a general demand, after a short crop last year.

Twinkle, twinkle, little feet,
Of a chorus girl so neat!
How I wonder if those tootsies
Are relieved by Allen's foot ease!
N. Y. Tribune.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas Eclectic Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes 25 and 50c at all stores.

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I WANT to prove it to your satisfaction. If you have Rheumatism or Neuritis, acute or chronic—no matter what your condition—write to-day for my FREE BOOK on "RHEUMATISM—Its Cause and Cure." Thousands call it "The most wonderful book ever written." Don't send a stamp—it's ABSOLUTELY FREE.
JESSE A. CASE
Dept. 941 Brockton, Mass.

NORTHWEST OFFERS MAN FOR CONGRESS

Isador Sobel, of Erie, Out For State Ticket.

ISADOR SOBEL

One of the most interesting phases of the primary election campaign has developed in the candidacy for Congressman-at-large of Isador Sobel, Esq., of Erie, Pa. Mr. Sobel, who is one of the best known citizens of the commonwealth, has once more entered the field of state politics after an interval of some years. He has been one of the striking figures in Pennsylvania Republican affairs, and men who are active in public life all remember his energy, pleasing personality and sterling loyalty to his party.

In former years he was rated among the younger statesmen, and did much to strengthen the Republican party through the agency of the State League of Republican clubs, of which he was for two terms president.

Mr. Sobel was appointed postmaster at Erie, Pa., by William McKinley, re-appointed twice by President Roosevelt, and finally re-appointed by President Taft. Throughout the sixteen years in which he held this important office he devoted his time and energies to his duties and took no very active part in party politics. He was known, and is still known, as "The Best Postmaster Erie Ever Had."

As a matter of fact, Sobel has been universally the "best ever" in every place he has occupied.

Mr. Sobel's great genius lies in his ability to organize. Organization is his hobby—a hobby which he has ridden since he was a boy. Efficiency and organization have been his watchwords and they have carried him far in the larger affairs of the community. They promise to carry him farther still. His unfailing good nature, patience, unflagging energy and a pleasing personality make him the ideal man for large affairs.

first of all, a man of the people, who,

Isador Sobel in his younger years was a traveling salesman.

His early ambitions led him to the law, and he became a member of the bar in Erie county in the eighties, having been a law student in the office of ex-Congressman S. M. Brainard, one of the leaders of the Erie bar. His genial personality and skill in organization quickly drew him into the hectic politics of that district, and he passed through the strenuous days of the William L. Scott regime in Erie county. It will be remembered that the Hon. Wm. L. Scott, owner of railroads, steamships and coal properties, was in those days the political leader of the twenty-fifth congressional district, and the personal friend and companion of President Grover Cleveland. Scott made the twenty-fifth district Democratic and for years kept it so.

It did not cease to be Democratic until the Erie County Republican organization came under the direction of Isador Sobel. Under his skillful management a Republican was sent to congress, and as long as his hand was on the wheel, the twenty-fifth district remained Republican. His leadership in Erie county for ten years was recognized both by the people of Erie county and by the leaders of the Republican party in the state. His voice was always potent in the councils of the State League of Republican Clubs. He was elected president of that organization in 1899 and again in 1897.

After becoming postmaster of Erie, Mr. Sobel was a leader in organizing the State Association of Postmasters, of Pennsylvania, and was the first president of that organization. He was active throughout his term of office in the National Association of Postmasters of the United States and was elected president of that body also.

The only political elective offices which Mr. Sobel has ever held were those of presidential elector in 1896, when he voted for the nomination of William McKinley, and chairman of the common council of the city of Erie. He held the chairmanship of the Republican County Committee of Erie for many years.

Mr. Sobel is a member of the board of managers of the Hamot hospital at Erie, and of the advisory council of the Home of the Friendless, of the same community. He is a member of the advisory council of the Erie Social Federation, an ex-governor of the Erie Motor Club, and a member of that city's most distinguished social organization, the Erie Club.

His keen social instincts are well reflected in his lodge connections. He is a member of the Masonic order and the Shriners of Erie, and of the Consistory of Bloomsburg; a past grand of the Lake Shore Lodge, No. 718, I. O. O. F.; several times representative to the grand lodge convention of the Odd Fellows; a member of Lodge No. 327, Knights of Pythias; of Lodge No. 67, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Sobel is also ex-president of the Northwestern Pennsylvania Association of Odd Fellows, and former trustee of the Odd Fellows' Orphanage Home, at Meadville, Pa.

For the last three years his brilliant success in philanthropic and charitable organization work throughout the eastern part of the United States, has won him new distinction.

He is a candidate for the office of Congressman-at-large on a straight out Republican platform.

The Phila. Record.

If you are a reader of "The Philadelphia Record," daily and Sunday, skip this brief article—it's a recital of facts with which you are already familiar. The information it contains is for your friends and neighbors who do not know why lyou prefer "The Record" to any other city newspaper—because they don't know "The Record."

There are as many kinds of newspaper as there are interpretations of the word News. "The Philadelphia Record's interpretation is popular. News, in its estimation, is information of current events of general interest, presented without any other censorship than that involved in excluding the unwholesome, eliminating tiresome detail and triviality, and correctly measuring the space allotted to each item in accordance with its importance and its value to the average reader. In "Record" news there's no skimping and no padding; no artificial manipulation to serve hidden interests; no animus and no favoritism: no inaccuracy that's humanly avoidable; and thousands of correspondents in all parts of the world are alert to see that there shall be no omission.

Besides being an indefatigable newsgatherer and an impartial chronicler, "The Philadelphia Record" specializes in many fields. Its produce market reports, its financial columns, its sporting department, its women's and fashion pages, its reviews of plays and books, etc., are authoritative. Its cartoonist is the best in the country. Its editorial policy is as square as its news policy; the downright sincerity of its attitude on debatable questions commands the respect of those who do not agree with it. And—what's of special interest to the women folks—"The PhiladelphiaRecord' carries the advertising of all the Philadelphia departmhnt stores.

"The Sunday Record" is the daily's big brother. Its rapid strides in circulation are proof positive that the publishers have struck the right note in furnishing a bigger and better Sunday paper, with an illustrated magazine filled with the best fiction as one of its strongest attractions. There are also five pages of comic, four of them in color, for everybody who enjoys a wholesome laugh, and an enlarged feature section chock-full of interesting reading.

No need to take anybody's word for these facts about the daily and Sunday "Record." Buy one copy of each and put the matter to a test. That will enroll you in the large army who believe that "The Philadelphia Record", daily and Sunday, ought to be in every home.

How to Preserve Hearing.

The ear is one of the most delicately formed organs in the human body. It is in direct and close relation to the brain. It's three parts, the external, middle and internal are most intimately connected. The abuse of the external ear or that part which stands out from the head and is known even by children as the ear, is often reflected to those parts that cannot be seen and do permanent harm.

Those in care of children should never permit a child's ear to be pulled or slapped as such abuse will frequently cause inflammation of the middle ear and when that is diseased the inner ear may take on the same condition, says State Health Commissioner Dixon.

The external ear is thin and when exposed to cold will become frost bitten sooner than other parts of the body. It should therefore be protected from freezing.

When exposed to heavy air pressure in a tunnel or when there is heavy cannonading or blasting, the mouth should be partly open to permit equal pressure on either side of the drum which is an extremely thin membrane that divides the external from the middle ear.

The heathy ear should never be cleansed beyond the surface that is plainly seen by the eye. The wax will naturally accumulate and work out into the external ear, where it can be removed without danger of hurting the more delicate part of the organ.

Children should be taught that it is dangerous to put things in the ear. If any little object like a bean, button, or insect should get into the ear it should not be dug after. Many ears have been destroyed by those ignorant of the formation of the ear, digging after some foreign body that has lodged well in the orifice. If the object cannot be lifted out a doctor should be consulted. If medical aid cannot be had, a careful syringing is the best and most innocent method of removing obstacles. In case of animate things such as insects, getting into the ear, it is advisable to pour olive, cotton seed or another pure neutral oil in to kill and remove the same. The common use of oil for an ear ache is a mistake as it is hard to remove and frequently gets gummy and collects dirt.

The ear is often injured by sniffing fluids up the nostrils which cause inflamation of the eustachian tube, which is a little duct that leads from the mouth to the ear. The ear is such a useful and delicate organ it should be cared for by a physician when trouble occurs.

Teddy Led in Straw Vote.

The Philadelphia "Evening Telegraph" last week announced the result of a straw vote taken in that city and nearby towns in Pennsylvania on the most popular choice for the Republican nomination for President at the Chicago convention, to be held in June. The result showed Roosevelt far in the lead of seven others voted for. Governor Brumbaugh was second in the list, although almost 7000 votes behind Roosevelt. The poll as announced resulted as follows:—

Roosevelt	10,783
Brumbaugh	3,893
Hughes	3,279
Ford	2,379
Knox	1,863
Root	1,347
Penrose	833
Wilson	599

Mrs. Belle Wilson Dead.

Mrs. Belle Wilson, widow of the late James Wilson, and a sister of Revs. M. L. and W. V. Ganoe, died on April 23, 1916, at the home of her son, Walter, in Sandy Ridge, aged about 71 years. Her death was the result of paralysis with which she was stricken the previous Thursday while visiting her sister, Mrs. John Gister, at Fernwood. Besides the son named she leaves one daughter, Mrs. Amen Lovel, residing near Glasgow. In addition to the brothers and sisters named, she also leaves another brother, J. D. Ganoe, of Janesville. Mrs. Wilson had for many years been a devoted member of the M. E. church. Her body was buried at Osceola on Wednesday, April 26.

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A Student of Languages

For the Purpose of a Sojourn Abroad

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS

"Lizette," said Mrs. Carrington to her maid, who was dressing her hair, "I expect to go abroad in the autumn. I shall go first to Italy, then to Switzerland, then to France. I shall get on very well in France, because I have learned to speak the language in talking with you. I have been studying Italian, but in order to converse in that language I need practice in it such as I have had with you in French. I am thinking of getting another maid for that purpose. Not to interfere with you, she will have the care of my wardrobe and wait upon me when you are otherwise engaged."

"Will you give her the care of your jewels, madame?"

"Not at all. You will remain in charge of them. I have perfect confidence in you and would not think of intrusting them to the care of any one else."

This announcement was to prepare Lizette for the coming of one she might otherwise think was intendeed to take her place. Mrs. Carrington applied to her Italian teacher to furnish her with a woman who would accept a maid's place, but who could speak Italian more correctly than one usually occupying a menial position. He promised Mrs. Carrington to interest himself in the matter.

In due time a young woman appeared with a note from Signor Speretti, the Italian teacher, introducing her and vouching for the correctness with which she spoke the Italian language. Her name was Bianca Morelli. She seemed rather younger than the age she gave, which was twenty-two, not appearing to be more than eighteen. Instead of having the black hair and eyes usual to Italians, she was a blond. Since Mrs. Carrington needed her to converse with and Signor Speretti vouched for her pronunciation and general knowledge of the Italian language she was engaged.

Indeed, Bianca was found not to be of much use for any purpose except that for which she was especially needed. She had nothing to do with her mistress' toilet; that was attended to by Lizette, but when called upon to bring some article of clothing she manifested a singular obtuseness. On one occasion when told to bring a tea gown she brought a bath robe. On another, when the Italian was called upon for a brassiere, she handed in a brush and comb.

Lizette laughed at the girl for her stupidity, but her mistress believed that Bianca had not been brought up with well to do women. She had doubtless associated with those who wore only the plainest clothing. But Mrs. Carrington could not understand, if this had been her condition, how she could speak the language of a well bred person. Bianca explained by saying that she had never had a sister; that her parents, though they had been well to do persons, during their childhood and youth could not give her the variety of dress enjoyed by other girls of her class.

Bianca had not been long in the house before her mistress began to notice that the relations between her two maids had changed. Lizette had at first rather patronized Bianca, sympathizing with her stupidity as to her duties and instructing her in them. All of a sudden her manner toward her fellow servant changed. The freedom with which she had treated her disappeared and was replaced by a reserve. Then, too, she was at times inclined to speak harshly to the Italian, while at other times she would seem singularly complacent.

Mrs. Carrington one day spoke to Lizette about this change.

"Lizette," she said, "I know the difficulties of servants constantly under the same roof getting on with each other, but I do hope that you and Bianca will not disagree. I am rapidly becoming able to give her orders and understand what she says to me in Italian. Now, if you and Bianca quarrel I shall have to send her away, and that will be the end of my practice in Italian. Try to get on with her for the few months that remain before we go abroad."

This brought no explanation of the status between the two maids. Lizette did not admit that there was any ill feeling on her part for Bianca, and she did not deny that there was. She was "doing" her mistress' hair when the subject was broached and went on brushing the glossy locks without a word. But Mrs. Carrington saw by a reflection in a mirror before her that her maid was perturbed by what she had said and was evidently concealing something.

Mrs. Carrington was more interested in keeping her two maids on amicable terms than in ferreting out the cause of this singular change that had come between them. Nevertheless she noticed that Bianca seemed to have an influence over Lizette. On one occasion, when the mistress had called Lizette without getting a reply, she went to the servants' quarters to see what was the matter. Opening a door without warning, she came upon the two maids in earnest conversation. The French girl was talking rapidly and gesticulating; the Italian was unruffled and listening to what the other was saying.

"Lizette," said the mistress, "I have been calling you for some time."

"Yes, madame. I didn't hear you, madame."

Mrs. Carrington returned to her room, followed by Lizette. As soon as they were alone together the mistress said:

"Lizette, of course what goes on between you and Bianca does not necessarily concern me, but I don't want any mystery in my house. Though I want Bianca for practice in speaking Italian, I will send her away at once if she is interfering in any way with my domestic arrangements.

"She does not interfere, madame," was the almost inaudible reply.

Mrs. Carrington was puzzled. She said no more, but kept up a good deal of thinking about this strange status between the two maids. Had it been between Lizette and the butler she would not have been surprised, for a concealed love is a common mystery. But the lady could not understand any relationship between two girls that needed to be kept secret.

One evening when Mrs. Carrington was dressing for a function calling for her most resplendent adornments she sent Lizette for her jewels. They were kept in a safe set into the wall. Mrs. Carrington and Lizette were the only two persons who knew this combination. Lizette went to the safe, opened it, but when she looked in the box containing the jewels they were not there.

Mrs. Carrington, hearing something fall and Lizette not returning with the jewels, went into the hallway and saw the girl lying in a heap before the safe. Running to her, she picked up Lizette, who at the same time came to herself and looked with terrible distress at the empty jewel box lying on the floor beside her. Mrs. Carrington took in the situation at once.

The lady on this occasion exhibited great presence of mind. She closed the safe door and turned the combination to lock it. Then she raised Lizette and supported her, taking the jewel box with her, to her own room, and, locking the door, placed her on a lounge. No suspicion of Lizette was entertained, for she had evidently met with a surprise. She said that she had never given the combination of the safe to any one.

Mrs. Carrington went to a telephone booth and rang up a detective agency, giving the chief a brief statement of the case. He advised that the loss of the jewels be kept a secret, and it was arranged that Mrs. Carrington should add to her staff of language instructors a German, who should really be a detective.

Mrs. Carrington gave out to the household that she had become suddenly indisposed and kept her room. Lizette remaining with her. The next morning the mistress was relieved to learn that none of her servants had disappeared. After breakfast Professor Sweitzer appeared, and it was announced that he would remain a short time in the house to ground Mrs. Carrington in the rudiments of the German language.

He had a private conversation with Lizette, and after it was finished told her mistress that she knew who had taken the jewels, but would not peach. The next item of news he gave his employer was that Bianca was a man.

Mrs. Carrington, as soon as she had recovered from her astonishment, saw through the strange status between her two maids. The man had doubtless revealed himself to Lizette and had very likely made love to her. Both she and the detective felt sure that the so-called Bianca had stolen the jewels, and the question was how to prevent his knowing that the theft had been discovered and his slipping away before he could be secured. He showed apprehension on the introduction of Professor Sweitzer into the household, but no sign of intended flight.

The practiced eye of the detective was not deceived in the Italian's make-up, though it had deceived every one in the house. Of course, this fact being known, no other evidence was required that he was the thief. The professor not only kept his knowledge from the household, but disarmed any suspicion the rascal might have that his sex was suspected. This he did because he wished to recover the stolen jewels as well as the criminal.

However, no time was lost. Calling for a couple of assistants the detective arrested Bianca. Of course the Italian knew that his game was discovered, and it was all up with him. Without putting his accusers to the trouble of making an examination he confessed that he was a man; that he had learned of Mrs. Carrington's desire for an Italian maid and had disguised himself for the purpose of securing the situation and plunder. He had got Lizette under his influence and concealed himself behind her when she opened the safe, thus learning the combination. He had taken the jewels during the night before the loss was discovered and was watching for an opportunity to get away with them. They were concealed where they would not be easily found, and Mrs. Carrington decided not to prosecute him if he would give them up. This he did, and, so far as she was concerned, he was not troubled.

When Mrs. Carrington went abroad she took Lizette with her, having forgiven her for having been captivated by the Italian, which was her only sin, for she was not suspected of any complicity with his dishonesty. Her mistress was enabled to call for what she wanted in Italy and understand, in a measure, what was said to her. She prized the little Italian she had learned from "Bianca," inasmuch as it had nearly cost her her jewels.

SKETCHING MARK TWAIN.

Cartoonist Ward Found the Humorist an Impatient Subject.

Many of the difficulties experienced by the cartoonist are related by Leslie Ward in his volume, "Forty Years of Spy." He writes as follows with reference to America's great humorist:

"Mark Twain was another subject who came under the category of the 'walkers.' I had a good deal of difficulty in getting hold of him, but when I eventually caught him at his hotel I found him decidedly impatient.

"'Now you mustn't think I'm going to sit or stand for you,' he told me, 'for once I'm up I keep on the go.'

"The whole time I watched him he paced the room like a caged animal, smoking a very large calabash pipe and telling amusing stories. The great humorist wore a white flannel suit and told me in the course of conversation that he had a dress suit made all in white that he wore at dinner parties. He had just taken his honorary degree at Oxford, and he wanted to put his gown on, but I preferred to 'do' him in the more characteristic and widely known garb. He struck me as being a very sensitive man, whose nervous pacings during my interview were the result of a highly strung temperament. The only pacifying influence seemed to be his enormous pipe, which he never ceased to smoke."

A TERROR OF THE SEAS.

This Fish Resembles a Torpedo and Is Just as Dangerous.

His shape resembles a torpedo, and his attack too. Fishermen and bathers in seas where he is found regard him as almost as deadly as the torpedo and far more common in peaceful waters. Fishermen and fish alike are enemy to him, and he will attack with a ferocity surpassing even the shark. He's called the barracuda.

His body is long and round, and his head pointed. His wide mouth bristles with large, sharp teeth. There are more than a dozen varieties scattered over the oceans, all of them fierce and hungry.

Sometimes they grow to a length of six to eight feet. These giants are the ones dreaded by the fishermen. Even when they have him fast on the end of a hook and line he's a veritable load of dynamite and will attack and bite and snap at the hands that are hauling him in.

Fishermen have to guard against poisoned flesh in the barracuda. Sometimes the big fish eats a poisonous kind of fish, which in turn poisons its own flesh. The barracuda's bite is regarded as poisonous in itself, and the wounds caused by the giant fish's teeth become inflamed and infected.—Philadelphia North American.

Henry James' Style.

Stevenson spotted the unconscionable repetition of certain adjectives in "Roderick Hudson," but probably the most marked characteristic of Henry James' style was his passion for adverbs and adverbial clauses. He was the most adverbial of English writers. You will find more adverbs to the page than even in Meredith. And he had a quaint habit of putting the adverb before the verb when most writers would put it after. One of his ladies (the examples are taken at random) "thankfully felt," another "quite beautifully and tenderly smiled." And "after all" crops up all over the place. But one would not have these things altered; they were part of the man. One does object to them, however, in his imitators, who have learned the trick, but missed the spirit behind it.—London Chronicle.

World's Future Fish Supply.

The sea beats upon 26,000 miles of Alaska shore line, a distance greater than the circumference of the earth. All of that vast stretch of waters is teeming with the most edible fish on earth. Every bay is a harbor where these fish can be prepared for the markets of the world, and the greatest ships afloat can anchor in safety while taking on their cargo of food for the hungry of all climes. In a few years Alaskan fish will be famous wherever ships sail and men exchange the products of their toil. This is but one of Alaska's sources of wealth.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Relativity of Space.

It so happened that a new professor of music had just been installed in a certain college for women. Naturally he was the subject of a heated discussion among his pupils to be. Said one: "Handsome! Why, his nose and the point of his chin nearly meet."

"My dear," cautioned his champion, with dignity, "why do you exaggerate so? You know as well as I that they're miles apart."—New York Post.

Both on the Watch.

Wife — That new lady next door stood in her dining room for half an hour today staring rudely into ours. Husband—How do you know? Wife—Why, I happened to be in our front bedroom watching her.—London Telegraph.

Angry.

"She trumped his ace."

"Did he say anything?"

"He couldn't have said more if he had been married to her."—Detroit Free Press.

Wine and the Bush.

In olden times ivy bushes used to be hung over the doors of taverns as signboards because the plant was sacred to Bacchus, the god of wine.

It is not the insurrection of ignorance that is dangerous, but the revolts of intelligence.—Lowell.

The Jimdandy Auto Company

It Made Good In the Nick of Time

By F. A. MITCHEL

Julian Stafford was an example of the ups and downs of life. Born with a silver spoon in his mouth, he never knew during his childhood and youth what it was to want for anything. Instead of having to go to work when he was a boy, like many other children he was associating with companions of his own age, both boys and girls, whose parents were well to do, and the kind of cravat he wore or the cut of his coat was of infinitely more importance to him than the money required to pay for such articles. Indeed, he had only to order them. When the bills came in to his father they were paid, and Julian did not even know of the fact.

However, this happy period ended. About the time Julian came of age his father lost a good deal of money. Julian went to work and earned enough for his necessities, which were not great. But a better period was in store for him.

Money is like quicksilver. So long as quicksilver is incased in a tight receptacle, with the top screwed down, it won't get away from you. But the moment the volatile metal finds a place to break through, no matter how small, there is no holding on to it.

When we have plenty of money, when we are making money, its value seems negligible. But when it has once broken away from us it is like the quicksilver—it is mighty hard to pick it up again.

At twenty-five Julian Stafford was, to speak figuratively, in a bed of roses. He had inherited $10,000 from an aunt. For several years the country had been under the depressing influence of a commercial panic, and all sorts of property could be bought for a song. At the time Julian received his inheritance a change had begun to come over monetary affairs, and he was advised, instead of investing his money at a safe and simple interest, to buy something with it. It didn't make much difference what he bought. Everything would for some years to come be increasing in value, and he would be able to sell his property for more than he had given for it.

Securities seemed to Julian to be the simplest form for such speculation, and he bought $10,000 worth of railroad shares. The stock market soon boomed, and he sold out, making, as he considered it, 50 per cent profit in six months. That was at the rate of doubling his money in a year. At 5 per cent interest it would require twenty years to do that.

Julian sold out just before the wave of speculation broke, and after it broke what he had sold could be bought again for what he had paid for it before. This time, instead of confining himself to what securities his money would buy, he bought on a margin. Instead of buying $20,000 worth of securities he bought $100,000 worth. Again the market boomed. Every day for several days Julian was making twice as much as his aunt had left him.

At this time life to Stafford was filled with delight. In addition to making a fortune every day he was engaged to the dearest girl in the world. They had expected to live on a thousand a year in an apartment of four rooms, none of which was much bigger than a large closet. Julian figured up one night and found that he could sell out his stocks and have an income of $10,000, derived from gilt edge property. They could live in a stone front house.

One day when the market was jumping half a point or so on the ticker with every recorded sale Julian, who was standing over it and making a thousand dollars with every point, felt a tap on his shoulder. Turning, there he saw Erskine, a former schoolmate.

"Hello, Jim!"

"Hello, Julian! How are you making out?"

Julian very excitedly confided in his friend that he was getting rich so fast that he couldn't keep track of his funds.

"Let me have $500, won't you, Julian? I've got a chance to go into a deal that I think there's millions in. There's just one share on the ground floor left, and I can get it dirt cheap. I'll take you in for half of it."

Julian was making money so fast that he didn't want any more profits for himself. He was well disposed toward Erskine, and what was $500 to him, since he had made ten times that within an hour? He gave Jim an order on his broker for $500, and Jim received the amount before leaving the office.

That was a very exciting day for Julian—in fact, the most exciting day of his life. He made more money in that one day than in all the time of his speculations. Just before the closing of the market there was a peculiar shakiness. It was the trembling of the wave before it breaks. The "bears," who were watching their opportunity, the next morning put out a report that one of the biggest banking concerns in Wall street was in trouble. Then commenced the tremble.

It was the old story with Julian. He saw his fortune melt away before him. Down it went like a stack of card houses. Just before the closing hour his broker closed out his account, leaving him in debt for something like $10,000.

This time when the market reached low tide it remained there for a long while. But this did not make any difference to Julian, for even if it had gone up again he had no money to buy with. At the beginning of the next month his broker sent him an account current showing his indebtedness and asked him to pay up. There were numerous credits and numerous charges. Julian didn't try to decipher it. He knew that his fortune had died as suddenly as it had been born, and he was too sick at heart to dissect the corpse.

Julian's girl turned out to be a trump—that is, she was a trump for Jim if not for herself. She had not shared her lover's wild enthusiasm while he was building an inverted pyramid of air, but now that he had gone under she did not desert him.

"It's lucky it came to you early in life, Julian," she said. "I think you are naturally visionary and that it was sure to come in time. Besides, even if you had for the present kept a fortune made in this way it would have taken wings later on. Now you can begin life on a more solid though a much slower basis."

Julian secured a position at $25 a week, and on this he married Rose Meriweather. She proved an excellent manager, though the hardest thing she had to manage was her husband. It is not to be expected that a man who has made money at the rate of $1,000 an hour and for the time being considers it as easy to produce as pumping water from a well will at once look out for small change. When Julian went home in the evening and reported that he had spent 30 cents for luncheon, 10 cents for car fare and 25 cents for two cigars, Rose figured that this totaled 65 cents, or about $200 a year. Other expenses in proportion would bring ruin.

After many backslidings Julian got himself down to hard pan and many an evening when dead tired permitted a trolley car to go by him while he walked the two miles between his business and his house. But a baby came, and everybody knows that a baby brings added expense, which increases and multiplies till the child has grown and left the parental abode. Notwithstanding Rose's management and that she got Julian pretty well trained as to expenditures, they had a hard time of it. Doctor's bills, which are hard to take into consideration in laying out funds, came in, and every cent went for ordinary essential expenditures.

But the hardest blow came when Mrs. Stafford, struggling against insurmountable obstacles, broke down. Julian was provider so far as he was able, and Rose was dispenser. Neither could supply the other's place. When under such circumstances the woman has to throw up the sponge the bottom drops out of the household.

The couple could not afford a servant, and when Mrs. Stafford was unable to be up to cook the meals her husband was obliged to handle the skillet, which he did unsuccessfully, spoiling many a meal. This was hard both on his wife and himself.

Julian was too poor to buy a newspaper, but during the noon hour, while eating a lunch brought from home, he looked over the paper in the office. During his wife's illness he was one day reading the financial news—from force of habit—when he saw it stated there had been a sudden rise in Jimdandy Automobile. The company had succeeded in purchasing valuable patents and for a year past had been earning large profits. Julian finished browsing over news that he had no reason to suppose concerned him and his luncheon at the same time and went back to work.

A few days later when Julian had prepared the breakfast and was taking some toast and tea up to his sick wife he stopped at the front door to answer the postman's whistle. He was handed a letter, which he carried on up with the breakfast. Having put the breakfast down beside his wife, he looked at the letter. On the left hand corner was printed, "Jimdandy Automobile Company, James C. Erskine Secretary." He opened the letter and read aloud:

Dear Julian—Our venture after a long period of distress has at last made good. Under a reorganization our interest is 1,000 shares. As soon as the new certificates are issued I will send you your 500 shares. Since the recent advance the market price is 80. This makes your lot worth $40,000. The reason I haven't given you any information before is because there was no good news to report. Yours, with congratulations, JIM.

"What does it all mean?" asked Rose.

"I don't know. Some one has made a blunder."

Rose suggested that he go next door, where the inmates had a telephone, and call up Erskine. He did so, and Jim undertook to remind him of the check for $500 that Julian had given him when he was making money on the ticker at a thousand dollars an hour. But Julian had no remembrance of the incident and could not recall it. However, Erskine assured him that the money had been invested in what led up to the Jimdandy Auto company, indirectly through the holder of valuable patents, and that Julian was holder of 500 shares of stock worth $80 a share.

When Julian went back to his wife and assured her of their good fortune she jumped out of bed, and the pair did a tango on the floor.

Jim made over three-quarters of his fortune to his wife, then proceeded to lose the remaining quarter in speculation.

But he never got his hands on the balance.

CHARM OF BIOGRAPHY.

It Leads the Reader Into Quaint and Delightful Byways.

Reading biography will furnish you with a peculiar and rare form of entertainment, for besides the subject in hand biography legitimately treats of the foibles, the fashions and the peculiarities of the age with which it deals, says Youth's Companion. History, although it may have its lighter moments, is essentially sober, but biography, although it is never merely farcical or satirical, may touch vividly upon the lighter phases of life and take you, as it were, into quaint and delightful byways, through private parks and into remote and lovely fields.

"Indeed," wrote Boswell in his introduction to his famous biography, "I cannot conceive a more perfect mode of writing any man's life than by not only relating the most important events of it in their order, but by interweaving what he privately wrote and said and thought, by which mankind are enabled, as it were, to see him live and to live o'er each scene with him as he actually advanced through the several stages of his life."

Biography, treated in that manner, must inevitably include much that is delightfully diverting. It will give you "the table talk of the great;" it will recount those fascinating little incidents and anecdotes that history so often regards as beneath its notice. It will afford far more than a running account of a life, "beginning with a pedigree and ending with a funeral."

CONTRASTS IN ICELAND.

A Curious Land of Fire and Ice, of Volcanoes and Glaciers.

Iceland is known as a "land of contrasts." The land of Iceland boasts in comparatively small compass fire and ice, volcanoes, glaciers and geysers. There is magnificent scenery in its desolate plateaus. It has more than 100 volcanoes, of which the largest is Hecla, 5,100 feet high. There are thousands of craters in Iceland, the largest among them being Askya, with an area of thirty-four square miles.

Of glaciers there are more than 120, with aggregate areas of about 5,200 square miles. The largest is Vatna. Not far from Hecla is the so called geyser region, where there are many hot springs. The Great Geyser is sixty feet in diameter. One geyser was found to have water at a temperature of 262 degrees F., which makes it possibly the hottest spring in the world. One-eighth of Iceland is glacier hidden, and there are ice clad mountain domes, of which the highest is Oraeta-jokull, 6,424 feet.

There are not many settlements in Iceland. The capital is Reykjavik, with a population of 11,600, and after that the two chief towns are Akureyi, 2,089, and Isafiord, 1,859 inhabitants. The people of Iceland are described as unusually intelligent, and one authority states that "perhaps in no other country of Europe are so many books in proportion to the population printed and sold as in Iceland."

Myth of the Doones.

How largely Mr. Blackmore drew upon his imagination for the story of "Lorna Doone" is made clear by F. W. Hackwood in his book, "The Good Old Times." There were, in fact, no Doones. The word was simply a local bogy, a modified form of "Dane," a memory of the faroff times when the viking invaders harried the land. "The only vestige of actuality discoverable is a faint tradition that a fugitive from the battle of Sedgmoor, to escape the hangings of Judge Jeffreys, appropriated the ruins of some wretched huts in recesses of the Badgworthy glen, now 'the Doon valley,' finding there a safe retreat in which he reared a considerable family, which managed to eke out a living by committing petty depredations in the district. The 'last of the Doones,' an old man and his granddaughter, are said to have perished in the snow during the winter of 1800."

The Arrow of St. Edmund.

The legend of the death of St. Edmund was curiously corroborated after a lapse of eight centuries. The story goes that the martyr was tied to a tree and, as torture proved unavailing to make him recant his faith, was shot at with Danish arrows till his body was covered with them. The tree at Hoxne to which he was said to have been bound and which was twenty feet in circumference fell in 1848, and, according to "The Black Letter Saints of the Prayer Book," a piece of iron like an arrow head was found imbedded in the wood.

Its Recommendation.

"Do you recommend this book?"

"Certainly," answered the librarian. "It's a book that every one ought to read."

"But it shows very little handling. I don't believe it has been taken out more than once or twice."

"Quite true," answered the librarian, wearily. "That should convince you, madam, that it is really worth while."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Kills Pesky Bed Bugs P. D. Q.

A 25c. box of P. D. Q. makes a full quart of the strongest bug killer on earth.

The new chemical, P. D. Q. Pesky Devil's Quietus — puts the everlasting to bed-bugs, roaches, ants and fleas. Pesky bed-bugs can't exist where P. D. Q. is used, as it kills eggs preventing on their eggs and prevents hatching.

A box of P. D. Q. goes farther than a barrel of old-fashion bug killer. P. D. Q. will not rot or stain clothing, kills fleas on dogs. Sold by Druggists, or mailed upon receipt of 25c. by the O. C. Company, Terre Haute, Ind.

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 4, 1916

CHARLES E. DORWORTH Ed & Pub

Subscription rate $1.50 a year strictly in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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One Half Column, 1 year..... 60
One Quarter Column, 1 year..... 35

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FOR CONGRESS

THE REPUBLICAN is authorized to announce the name of Charles H. Rowland, of Philipsburg, Centre County, as a candidate for re-election to a second term in Congress in accordance with the custom and usages of the Republican voters and Republican organizations of the Twenty-first Congressional District, composed of the counties of Clearfield Centre, McKean and Cameron, at the Uniform Primary election, May 16th, 1916.

FOR ASSEMBLY

THE REPUBLICAN is authorized to announce the candidacy of H. B. Scott, of Philipsburg Borough, for nomination on the Republican ticket for Member of the House in the Legislature from Centre County, subject to the decision of the primaries to be held on May 16th, 1916. Mr. Scott respectfully asks the kindly support of all Republicans at the primaries.

THE REPUBLICAN is authorized to announce the name of C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, for nomination on the Republican ticket for Member of the House in the Legislature from Centre County, subject to the decision of the primaries to be held on May 16th, 1916. Mr. Gramley will appreciate the support of all Republicans.

FOR NATIONAL DELEGATE

WILLIAM I. SWOOPE
of Clearfield, Clearfield County, Pa.

Candidate for Delegate to the Republican National Convention to be held in Chicago June 7th, 1916, from the 21st. Congressional District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean, subject to the action of the Republicans of the district at the Uniform Primary Election, May 16th, 1916.

THE REPUBLICAN is authorized to announce the name of John C. Arnold, of Clearfield County, as a candidate for Delegate to the National Convention on the Republican ticket at the primaries on May 16th, 1916, pledged to vote the popular choice of the Twenty-first Congressional District, composed of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean Counties.

The Democratic viewpoint on the Republican nomination for President is that Root is too old, Hughes should not be a candidate because he happens to be on the Supreme bench, Roosevelt is too impetuous, and everybody else mentiond is too much one thing or another. The Republican candidate for President will be chosen by the Republican convention to be held at Chicago and, fortunately, not by the Democratic party.

Governor Brumbaugh formally opened his campaign tour of the State with a speech at Altoona last Saturday night. Quite a few who read his speech are of the belief that it lacked the spirit that many anticipated and that they believe necessary if any particular enthusiasm is to be aroused among his followers in the next two weeks. In his speech the Governor emphasized the point that he is not a candidate for anything, a fact by the way interpreted pretty generally as foreshadowing an effort in the next ten days to swing the Brumbaugh movement into a Roosevett propaganda. It is worthy of note in this connection that virtually all of the Brumbaugh candidates for national delegates in Pennsylvania were Roosevelt candidates four years ago or men of known Roosevelt leanings. There are some who anticipate that the Governor in advance of the primaries on May 16th will make an open declaration in favor of Roosevelt and urge the election of the Brumbaugh delegates with the understanding that they are to support the Colonel in the Chicago convention. That the Governor no longer considers himself as avowed candidate for President would seem to be borne out by his Altoona speech. Under the circumstances a flat declaration in behalf of Roosevelt would not be surprising. In the last week or so there has developed a strong undercurrent in favor of Philander C. Know and in some quarters this is ininterpreted as the beginning of a movement to center upon him rather than permit the nomination of Roosevelt. It is a qusestion whether the Roosevelt tide can be stemmed at this late day.

ROOSEVELT'S ATTITUDE.

On his return to New York from Chicago Monday night, Colonel Roosevelt issued a statement bearing on his attitude in regard to the Republican nomination for President. The statement follows.

"It cannot be said too often that this is a time of crisis in the Nation's career. We are now laying down the foundation and the controlling lines of a new era in our history. Everything I can do will be done to see that the people, West and East, realize the facts and act accordingly.

"By no act of mine, by no word of mine, has this grave question been involved in factional politics. In every State in which the law governs such matters I have promptly withdrawn my name from all factional struggles. In a cable message on March 9 I requested and insisted that my friends in Massachusetts refrain from such a contest, and I would have invoked the law there as I did in other States if there had been such a law. In that statement I also said that I was not interested in the political fortunes either of myself or others, and I have resolutely stuck to that determination. I have not expressed, and do not express myself as being for or against any man.

"As regards myself, I do not believe that the delegates ought to nominate me at Chicago unless they are prepared, whole heartedly and without reserve, to make the fight along the lines above outlined. I am fighting for certain great and vital principles. Those who take their stand in such a matter because of factional or personal prejudice are either lacking in patriotism or else ignorant of tremendous forces at work the world over. In the midst of a tragedy without parallel in the world's vision, the work to be done is not that of the politician, but that of the patriot.

"For this reason I most earnestly hope that the delegates who go to Chicago will nominate some man on whom Republicans and Progressives can combine, and who, moreover, can be heartily supported by all independent citizens, and particularly by all independent Democrats who are loyal to the nationalism of Andrew Jackson and who are prepared to put the vital honor and interest of this Nation above all mere partisan considerations.

"I hope they will chose a man upon whom all can unite and who, if elected, we can be absolutely certain will put the principles above set forth into actual effect in the government of the country."

Cabbage Planting Distances.

The distance apart for plants in the field is a factor of economic importance in cabbage production, since the number of plants required varies inversely with the distance. This factor likewise influences the maturity of the crop, size of head and yield.

Three well-known varieties—Jersey Wakefield, Early Spring and Copenhagen Market—were planted in an experiment at the Pennsylvania State College School of Agriculture and Experiment Station. The rows were twenty-four and twenty-eight inches apart, and the plants twelve, fifteen, eighteen and twenty-one inches apart.

The results were:

Jersey Wakefield, in rows twenty-four inches apart, plants eighteen inches apart, made a gain of $12.03 per acre.

Early Spring, at same distance, as compared with rows twenty-eight inches apart and plants eighteen inches in row, gave a loss of $10.03 per acre.

Copenhagen Market showed most profitable yield for one year, planted in rows twenty-eight inches apart, plants fifteen inches apart in row.

Comparison of number of plants required for different distances in this experiment is made in Pennsylvania Experiment Station Bulletin 137.

Former Peace and War Cycles.

Isaiah had an inspired vision of a time when swords should be beaten into plowshares and spears into pruning hooks. By the Amphictyonic council the Greeks sought to mitigate wars between the Greek states, though their efforts did not reach as far as the barbarians, as they called the rest of the world. In the eleventh century A. D. a peace movement called the truce of God spread over western Europe. A peace palace was erected and conferences were held at Liege, and Christendom dreamed the same dream of peace that it afterward dreamed in the first decade of the twentieth century—a dream from which it was rudely awakened by the Crusades.—Christian Herald.

Get Up Right.

Get up right in the morning. Go to bed right at night. Start with joy in your heart, hope in the future, kindness in your purpose.

If it is a dark day never mind; you will lighten it up. If it is a bright day you will add to the brightness. Give a word of cheer, a kindly greeting and a warm handshake to your friends.

If your enemies look up pass them by, forget and try to forgive.

If all of us would bear in mind that happiness is from within and not from without there would be a wellspring of joy in every heart, and the sun would shine forever.

Try it!—Leslie's.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, } ss
Lucas County }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he a senior partner of the firm of F. J Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON
Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and foucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Breaking In" Miss Willy

Story of a Girl on a Ranch

By CLARISSA MACKIE

Miss Wilhelmina Moore was tired out. She had been hard worked for many months and had made money. How she made it her friends in the quiet town where she lived did not know and she did not enlighten them. When she was at work she was absent from Mertonville and returned at long intervals, usually tired as she was at the present time.

Just why Miss Moore kept her profession or her business a secret was also a mystery. Some said that it was because she was ashamed of it; some that she did not care to tell others how she made so much money lest they all go into the same line and thus subject her to competition. Whatever was the cause, one thing was certain—her reticence excited the curiosity of every woman in Mertonville.

However these things were, Wilhelmina had come back home from one of her trips, longer than usual, looking as if she had been keelhauled. Her doctor gave her a tonic, but it did not seem to suffice. He recommended horseback riding, but she said she did not see how such exhausting exercise could rest her. Then he suggested going into the country, where she could live an out of door life and breathe the fresh air.

Wilhelmina's uncle owned a big ranch in the west, and the moment her doctor suggested an out of door life she thought that she would like to visit him, sit on the veranda and do nothing. So she wrote her uncle asking if he would permit her to go to him and received a reply extending an invitation, but at the same time warning her that she would find few associates such as she had been accustomed to, most of them being cowboys, who were a very rough lot. She might come any time she liked and remain till she had got well rested. As soon as she received this letter she packed such articles as would be appropriate for ranch life and in due time arrived at her destination.

The moment Miss Wilhelmina Moore appeared in Scraggy Creek every man on the Big Y outfit declared that of all the tenderfoot maidens out of the east none had ever been so green, so timid, so exasperatingly afraid of a horse as the girl they dubbed Miss Willy.

"I'm plumb disappointed," muttered Dade Holcomb after dinner the next day. "I thought maybe she'd be the kind of girl a feller could enjoy teaching a few lessons in broncho bustin' or something of that sort."

Bob Linton grinned.

"You might suggest it to Miss Willy," he said. "Perhaps she really would enjoy broncho busting."

"Oh, shut up!" snapped Dade. "I'm not taking any chances with those slim, pale, scary eyed females who shudder at sight of a gun and faint dead away if one goes off promiscuous like."

"You might feel the same reaction if you were introduced to a crowded subway station at the rush hour in New York," retorted Bob. "I understood from Mrs. Besse that her niece had been ill and was here for a rest."

"Too much society!" sniffed Dade. "Miss Willy can't throw a rope around me now. I'm not in the market when these society fluffs are around."

"Sour grapes," laughed Bob as the parted company, he to ride on to Scraggy Creek postoffice for the mail and the newspapers and Dade to go over to the south range to relieve one of the line riders.

"This here Miss Willy girl ought to be broken in to western ways," remarked Hannibal at supper that night. "I was cleaning my gun this afternoon, and she come upon me sudden around the corner of the barn. When she saw the gun she jumped like a rabbit and beat it for the house. Scared to death she was."

"I suppose if we shot up the ranch she might get used to it," remarked Dade thoughtfully. "No use talking, boys; Miss Willy's got to be broken in or there won't be no loving on the Big Y."

"Bob here was holding her knitting wool this afternoon while she was winding it on a ball. Our little Bobby will soon be house broke," sneered Fenton.

Bob flushed hotly and lighted his pipe in grim silence. All through the meal he had been thinking of Willy Moore's tired smile, her wonderful black lashed gray eyes, the soft contour of her colorless cheek. She was a slim, graceful girl, with quantities of fair hair, which she wore in a thick braid down her back.

"She dresses like a cowboy and acts like a timid New England schoolmarm," went on Dade. "I've a good mind to lend her Black Satan and tell Miss Willy that he's the gentlest pony west of New Hampshire."

"Don't," warned Bob Linton as he went out into the night.

The men around the table stared after him.

Suddenly Dade laughed.

"Plumb locoed," he declared.

But his remark was followed by an uncomfortable silence.

The next day Dade did offer Black Satan to Willy Moore.

"Sure he won't harm you," protested Dade as Willy laid a slim white hand on Black Satan's velvet muzzle. "He'll carry you over the ground like a bird. You'll think you've been flying."

"Perhaps I will try him some time," said Willy dreamily as she wandered toward the house.

"She's wise to your homicidal schemes, Dade," chaffed his companions.

If Miss Willy was suspicious she gave no further sign, and one morning when Dade Holcomb especially needed his black horse it was discovered that Miss Willy had dashed away on Satan's back to the evident consternation of the Besse family.

"I hope Willy knows what she's about," murmured Mrs. Besse doubtfully.

"Trust her, Anne," reassured the boss good naturedly.

Bob Linton, overhearing the conversation, wondered at Boss Besse's calm attitude, and, it being his own afternoon off, he rode off down the trail in the wake of Black Satan.

Dade Holcomb was limping along the trail in his high heeled boots confident every moment that he would overtake horse and rider or else—here he felt wretchedly guilty—find Black Satan riderless and a limp heap of girlhood, for Black Satan did not belie his name.

As he passed Dade, Bob cast a look of loathing at the practical joker.

"I'm going to look for Miss Willy, Dade," he remarked drily. "If you have really broken her in—I'll kill you!"

"I hope you will!" muttered Dade miserably. "I sure deserve it, Bob."

And just then Miss Willy flashed into view with the plunging Satan at mercy of her quirt and spurs.

She glanced mischievously down at the astounded Dade.

"Rather a riotous little lamb, this Satan of yours, Mr. Holcomb," she threw over her shoulder.

"Great cats!" yelled Dade, as they vanished around the trail toward home.

Bob Linton was staring after them with a queer look in his eyes. "I wondered—I wondered," he muttered over and over.

That night, as they sat around the supper table in the mess house, the boss came down to them.

"Boys," he said, "I've twenty tickets here for a moving picture show over at the creek. Just say who wants to go and I'll pass 'em out. After the show we'll have supper at the Palace hotel—my treat."

Fifteen hands reached out for the tickets, for they were mere boys in their love of amusement, and the motion picture theater at Scraggy Creek was closed half the time, being subject to alternate periods of affluence and bankruptcy and constantly changing ownership.

At 6:30 they set out from the Big Y in the boss' big red automobile, escorted by all the cowpunchers on horseback.

In the motorcar was Mr. Besse and his wife and Miss Willy.

Bob Linton rode beside Miss Willy.

Dade Holcomb and Hannibal dragged along in the rear, as became culprits. They were still gasping over Miss Willy's miraculous escape from death. Inwardly they were thankful.

Inside the Family theater the boss guided them to a block of reserved seats, while he and his wife and Willy were escorted to a lower box.

When the theater was filled the lights were lowered, and on the magic white screen appeared the scenes of a rollicking comedy.

When that was over the manager appeared to announce the special picture of the evening, the favorite film actress, Miss Billie Moore, in "A Lover of the Plains." And he further announced that at the end of the picture Miss Moore would appear in person and greet her audience.

Wide eyed, staring silently, as the love story of the west was unfolded before their eyes, sat the fifteen cowboys from the Big Y ranch.

There was an indrawn breath of surprise when the charmingly familiar face of their Miss Wilhelmina Moore flashed forth as the heroine of the play. Dumbly they watched her perform such deeds of daring on horse and afoot as they never dreamed a mortal girl could survive.

She could break a bucking broncho, she could throw a lariat and bring a "critter" to its knees; she could ride like mad on an unsaddled horse; she hung over a precipice and dragged her imperiled lover from certain death, and in the end she was restored to his arms.

Not a man in the Big Y outfit but was furiously jealous of that screen lover!

And when the lights flashed up there was such a thunder of applause that the flimsy building threatened to collapse under the strain.

Then the manager was introducing the heroine, a slender, pale girl with smiling lips and friendly gray eyes, who, he explained, was "resting after a long illness and spending the time with our well known citizen, Benjamin Besse of the Big Y."

The Big Y outfit arose to a man and yelled themselves hoarse, and Miss Willy stood there dimpling and smiling and full of mischief at having turned the tables on the cowboys. Boss Besse and his wife finally carried her off to the Palace hotel, followed by the cowboys, who were to be Miss Willy's guests that night.

"You've broken them all in, honey," grinned the boss, as he lifted Miss Willy out of the car when they reached home. "There's one of 'em"— but his niece's hand gently closed his lips, and her face went red.

"There's one whose name you mustn't mention just yet," she whispered.

And they were both thinking of Bob Linton—and Bob, he was thinking only of Miss Willy and how soon he might ask her to marry him.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

For Representative

in the General Assembly

Harry B. Scott

Philipsburg - Penna.

PRIMARIES MAY 16

OLD TIME COURT OPENING.

"Boys, Come In," Was the Call When the Judge Was Ready.

"Oyez! Oyez! Oyez! Know ye all that the honorable circuit court of Peoria county now stands convened pursuant to adjournment."

This is the impressive ceremony used and the words spoken aloud when circuit court judges step to the bench. In federal courts all spectators and attaches are required to arise and remain standing until the court has been seated.

In the days of 1818 to 1830 things were different, as early historical records show, observes the Peoria Tribune. Records of those days show one incident in which Judge John Reynolds was seated on the circuit bench in Washington county when the following was the procedure:

"Boys, come in. Our John is going to hold court," the sheriff said to the spectators, jurors and attorneys who had gathered on the grass in the court house yard.

The courts in those days were held mostly in log houses or in barrooms of village taverns fitted up for the purpose, with a temporary bench for the court and benches and chairs for the jurors, lawyers and spectators. In general, the judges were adverse to rendering decisions on points of law and preferred to submit all questions to the jurors for a decision.

One instance is cited when attorneys requested the court to instruct the jurors on questions of law. The judge, after rubbing his head and face with his hands and reflecting a few moments, said to the lawyers:

"Why, gentlemen, the jury understand it; they need no instructions; no doubt they will do justice in this case."

No Robbery.

"I don't know just what to think of that storekeeper."

"What's the hitch?"

"He told me to come in and tell him what I don't know, so he can tell me what he knows."

"That's a fair exchange."—Richmond Times Dispatch.

Not Interesting.

"That woman seemed to bore you."

"Yes; I'm baldheaded, as you see. All she could talk about was the trouble she has in washing her hair."—Kansas City Journal.

It is not so much being exempt from faults as having overcome them that is an advantage to us.

Graduation and Wedding Presents

F. P. BLAIR & SON

Bellefonte, Pa.

Correspondence

Mt. Eagle.

Roland McCartney and John Confer each loaded a car of mine props last week.

Irvin Robinson left last Sunday morning for St. Marys to work on a lumber job.

There were quite a good many from Mt. Eagle to take in the Odd Fellows celebration at Bellefonte on Wednesday of last week.

Irvin Robison, Sr., and family and Mrs. Will Sayres and daughters attended the funeral of Mrs. George Watkins, on Marsh Creek last Sunday.

Mrs. Bertha Currens and friend, Mrs. Kutz, both of Altoona, spent Sunday here with the former's aunt, Mrs. J. R. Pheasant.

Walter Sayres went out to Marsh Creek several days ago to work for his uncle David Sayres on the farm.

Wilbur Bitner was taken very ill on Wednesday night of last week. At this writing he is somewhat improved.

Mr. and Mrs. David Thompson, of Hunter Run, spent Sunday here with the latter's brother, J. O. Leathers.

Mrs. A. A. Aikey, who was in Lock Haven to see her sister, Miss Anna Dietz, who has been very ill in the hospital, reports that the latter is improving nicely.

Howard Neff and George Hiram were out on Marsh Creek last Saturday doing some trout fishing, but report a very light catch.

Mrs. John Leathers, of Milesburg, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Will Bitner.

Grandmother Fetzer, of Runville, spent Saturday in town with friends.

Will Hebern, of Howard, was in town last week hanging some doors for Mrs. Wade.

Mrs. Mable Orchard, of Altoona, spent a night here recently with her brother, T. G. Leathers.

Mrs. Tobias, of Woolrich, spent last Saturday in town with friends.

Unionville.

We are glad to note that J. C. Stere, our leading merchant, is again able to be around. Mr. Stere has been quite seriously ill for two weeks, suffering from gall stones.

At this writing, Caleb Way, one of our venerable citizens, is seriously ill from blood poisoning.

Mrs. Melissa Bing has returned home, after spending the winter with her daughter. She looks just as young as ever.

Mrs. Tibatha Alexander, after spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Patrick Loughry, in Philadelphia, has returned home.

Howard Pratt, of Baltimore, and Seth, of Tyrone, visited friends here last Saturday.

Chapman Underwood is all smiles, and with good reason. It's a girl.

The news of the death of Albert Rumberger was a profound shock to his old home friends here. His remains were brought to Unionville on Tuesday for the funeral which was held on Wednesday from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Rumberger. Albert was raised here and was highly respected by all who knew him. He had been postmaster at Patton for the last four years.

OSTEOPATHY

Dr. H. E. Thornley

(Formerly of Phila.)

Four year graduate. Licensed and practicing in accordance with the laws of Pennsylvania.

Bellefonte, Mon. Wed. & Fri.
State College, Tues. Thurs. Sat.

Cattle Pasture

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company will open their 5000 acre range on Beech-Creek, May 1st, 1916, under the management of a good competent person. Season from May 1st to October 15th.

TERMS: $1.50 per head per season

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

Cattle received only on Wednesdays and Saturdays

Persons desiring to pasture Cattle should make application by letter or Telephone to the,

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL CO.
Snow Shoe, Pa.

Woodward.

Miss Edna Wolfe accompanied by her nephew, Glenn Wolfe, from Mifflinburg, spent Sunday with her parents, Thomas Wolfe's.

Rev. Caris and family. from Madisonburg, spent the greater part of Sunday at the home of D. J. Benner.

Harry Stover and family, from Lewisburg, were Sunday visitors at the home of J. W. Guisewite.

J. D. Houser and family spent Sunday afternoon with friends in Spring Mills.

Mrs. Confer, of Millheim, is helping to nurse Mrs. James Weaver, who is seriously ill.

James Fultz, wife and baby, from Montgomery, spent Sunday with the former's parents, Jacob Fultz's.

Misses Mary and Florence Guisewite, from Fiedler, spent Sunday afternoon with their cousin, Miss Lulu Guisewite.

Mrs. Breon and Mrs. Long, from Wolfe's Chapel, spent the Sabbath with their father, Wm. Glantz.

Dr. W. P. Ard is ill with heart trouble.

Quite a number of people from town were to Bellefonte last week.

George Smith Dead.

George Smith died at his late home in Bellefonte at 6 40 o'clock Tuesday evening. He suffered a stroke of paralysis on Easter Sunday and a second stroke on Sunday evening, last. The deceased was 47 years and was the oldest son of Mrs. Peter Smith. He was a photographer of considerable talent and for ten years or more was engaged in that capacity in Altoona. Surviving in addition to his mother is one son Charles, also these brothers and sisters: Mrs. Witmer Smith, of Milesburg; Lillie, Emma, Charles, Luther, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Charles Pennington and William and Thomas Smith, of Centre Hall, and John Smith, of Chester. Funeral services will be held on Friday morning at 10 o'clock from the late home, Rev. Dr. E. H. Yocum officiating. Interment will be made in the Union cemetery.

Mrs. William T. Fitzgerald Dead.

Mrs. William T. Fitzgerald died at her late home in Bellefonte on Tuesday night at 11.30 o'clock, following an illness of about two months. The deceased was born in Williamsport. Her maiden name was Belle G. Kase. Surviving are her husband, one daughter Miss Sallie, and a step-son, Harry, who is located at Columbus, Ohio. Surviving also are these brothers and sisters: Mrs. William Deitrich, Miss Alice Kase and Mrs. William Ball, of Williamsport; Charles Kase, of Milton, and William Kase, of Sunbury. She was a member of the Presbyterian church. Funeral services will be held on Friday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. W. H. McKinney, officiating. Interment will be made in the Union cemetery.

John Whiteman Dead.

John Whiteman, an aged and highly esteemed resident of Milesburg, died at his late home at that place last Thursday morning about 9 o'clock. He had been ill about three weeks, his death being due to acute indigestion and following a stroke of paralysis. Funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon, burial being made in the Trcziyulny cemetery. The deceased was born in Howard and at the time of death was aged 72 years. During the Civil war he served in the 45th Regiment, Penna. Vols. Surviving to mourn his passing away are his widow and one son, Harry, of Milesburg. Surviving also are a brother William, of Lock Haven, and another brother residing in the West, also three sisters, one of whom is Mrs. Ellen Swires, of Milesburg.

Mrs. John Watkins Dead.

Mrs. John Watkins died at her late home on Marsh Creek on Thursday night of last week, aged about 56 years. She had been ill for several months. Funeral services were held from the late home on Sunday. The deceased is survived by her husband, two sons and two daughters.

Death of a Child.

Mary Geraldine, aged 1 year and 6 months, daughter of Elmer and Minnie Shaw, of Burnham, formerly of State College, died on Wednesday of last week from convulsions. The body was removed to Shiloh cemetery for interment which was made on Saturday morning.

$14.35 TOURS

BELLEFONTE TO WASHINGTON

June 5 and 20

Tickets include round-trip transportation and 3 days hotel accommodations at Washington; good going on regular trains June 5 and 20, and returning until June 14 or 29, via Baltimore and Harrisburg or Philadelphia, with stop-over privileges in these cities on return trip.

For details of these attractive tours apply to nearest Ticket Agent or address DAVID TODD, Division Passenger Agent, Williamsport.

Pennsylvania R. R.

A Fortune Lost

By EDWARD T. STEWART

"Tom," said my uncle, "I'm going to leave you all my property. I shall not live a year, that I know, and I wish to have an understanding with you before I go. We hear a great deal about the advantage of a young man sowing his wild oats before marriage. There's no art in sowing wild oats at all, and I wish you to marry young. So important do I consider this that I have put a proviso in my will that, in order to inherit, you must be married before you are twenty-five years old. On that day if you are married my estate will be turned over to you."

"Yes, uncle," was all I said, but it was not all I felt. I was then twenty-two, which was old enough to understand the peculiar position I might be placed in by my uncle's will. However, there was still at least three years in which to find a partner, so I did not worry.

My uncle lived two years after what he had said to me. It was not known that I was to be his heir, I alone possessing the secret of the condition. Naturally if I married I desired that my bride should take me for myself alone. This may have been a romantic view to take of the matter, but in those days I was given to romance. Since then I have taken on more practical views of marriage. Indeed, the day I was wedded I learned this lesson.

I was within six months of twenty-five when I met Jennie Tisdale. She was very feminine, very pretty, and I said to myself I had found the girl with whom I may enjoy my uncle's fortune. A number of young men were ready to marry her; but, so far as I knew, she had not yet settled on any of them. I began to show her marked attention, and she appeared pleased with it. She didn't cast off others who were attentive to her, but gave me the preference in the matter of making engagements.

I had been brought up with my cousin, Kate Chambless, and relied much upon her judgment. I told her that I was considering a proposal and arranged a meeting between the two girls with a view to getting Kate's opinion of Jennie. But Kate wouldn't give it. She said that in such matters it was not wise to interfere. I had doubtless made up my mind to marry Jennie if she would have me, and if she endeavored to persuade me not to do so she would surely fail.

This was not encouraging, but true. At any rate, despite Kate's want of approval, I proposed to Jennie. She was some time making up her mind to accept me, but finally yielded. When she did so there were four months left before my twenty-fifth birthday. I was somewhat anxious on account of this limit of time, for my fiancee seemed to find it hard to give up the attentions of her other admirers. If she should fail me I might lose my fortune.

This state of anxiety lasted up to within a few weeks of our wedding day, appointed for a week before I would receive my fortune. One day, when I dropped in to see my fiancee, I found a note from her stating that one of her bosom friends had been suddenly taken ill and was lying at the point of death. Jennie had gone to her, but would return at the earliest possible moment.

This was within ten days of our wedding day, and I was worried. Jennie, not knowing how important was our marriage within a given time, might remain with her sick friend. If so it would be too late. She left no address for me or I would have written urging her on no account to remain away.

One can imagine my feelings at experiencing such an uncertainty. I went to Jennie's home and asked her mother for her address, or that she would write her; that I insisted on her return at once for our wedding. Mrs. Tisdale seemed to be concealing something from me, but promised to write her daughter. No further word came from Jennie, and the day before my twenty-fifth birthday I was without a bride.

In a fit of desperation I went to my cousin Kate and told her of the straits I was in, confessing that if I were not married before noon the next day I would lose my inheritance.

"I would advise you," she said, "not to rely on your fiancee. For my part, I question if she has not gone off with Scoville."

"Scoville!"

"Yes. His attentions to her since you have been engaged to her have been very noticeable."

"Heavens! What shall I do?"

"Select some good, steady girl of your acquaintance, tell her of your inheritance and the condition attached to it and ask her to marry you at once."

I stood thinking for a few minutes then, turning to my adviser, said:

"Kate, will you marry me?"

"I will, to help you out."

She said this reproachfully.

"To help me out only?"

"You surely deserve nothing more, to have gone off after a flighty little fool when you could have had"—

"One worth a thousand of her."

Kate and I were married that same evening. We returned from our wedding trip about the same time as Mr and Mrs. Scoville, for Kate was right about the real cause of Jennie's absence.

The Scovilles quarreled and separated within six months after marriage. It was reported that Jennie never forgave herself or her husband for her loss of a fortune.

Mrs. L. G. Rearick Dead.

Mrs. Ida Rearick, wife of L. G. Rearick, a furniture dealer at Lock Haven, died at her late home at that place last Thursday, her death resulting from the effects of a Cæsarian operation performed at the Lock Haven on the previous Monday. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Dorman, of Lamar. She is survived by her husband and three sonss Frank, aged 13 years, John, aged 7 years, and an infant son at the hospital. Three sisters also survive: Mrs. Annie Harter, of Snydertown; Mrs. Sadie Rearck, of Martinsburg, and Mrs. William Poorman, of Lock Haven.

Interment Made Here.

The remains of Mrs. Howell were brought to Bellefonte from Monongahela City, Pa., this week and interment made in the Union cemetery. The deceased died in January, last. She was a daughter of Rev. Dr. John Norman, an Episcopal rector who at one time lived in Bellefonte.

"The High Seas."

By "the high seas" referred to in article 1 of the constitution of the United States is meant the open sea—that is, the waters outside the civil jurisdiction of any country whatever, which, according to the law of nations, is limited to one marine league, or three geographical miles, from the shore. Even the great lakes beyond the limit designated above are regarded as "high seas."

The fire i' the flint shows not till it be struck.—Shakespeare.

Market Quotations.

(Corrected by Weaver Bro. Grocers)

Butter	30
Eggs	18

REGISTER'S NOTICE

The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's Office, for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation Nisi, on Wednesday, the 17th day of May, 1916.

1 ARMSTRONG—The first and final account of W. T. Twitmire, Admr., of &c., of Carrie D. Armstrong, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

2 BLAIR—The first and final account of Susan N. Blair and H. E. Holtzworth, Admrs., of &c., of Dr. J. M. Blair late of Unionville, Boro., deceased.

3 CALHOUN—The first and final account of J. Blair Alexander, guardian of Kezia Ruth Calhoun.

4 FLOREA—The first and final account of Clement Dale, Guardian of &c., of John Floyd Florea, minor child of Jos. C. Florea, late of Smith Co. Kansas.

5 HESS—The first and final account of M. L. Barner, James Winkleblech et al, Exrs., of Michael Hess, late of Haines Twp., deceased.

6 HARTER—The first and final account of Harry E. Harter, Guardian of Verne H. Harter, minor child of Samuel E. Harter, late of Marion Twp., deceased.

7 HAMILTON—The first and final account of Mrs. Sarah E. Satterfield, surviving executrix of &c., of James Hamilton, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

8 HEATON—The first and final account of O. J. Stover, Exer., of &c., of Henry Heaton, late of Boggs Twp., deceased.

9 JENKINS—The first and final account of M. I. Gardner, Guardian of Dorothy R. Jenkins.

10 KELLER—The second and final account of E. K. Keller, Exer., of &c., of David Keller, late of Harris Twp., deceased.

11 KIMPORT—The first and final account of Bettie Kimport, Admrx., of &c., of James Kimport, deceased.

12 LEATHERS—The second and final account of Emma L. Gardner and N. E. Leathers, Exrs., of &c., of LeRoy Leathers, deceased.

13 LONG—The first and final account of Alfred Long and W. H. Long, Admrs., of &c., of Francis Long, late of Penn Twp., deceased.

14 MYERLEY—The first and final account of W. C. Holt, Admr. of &c., of Albert Myerley, late of Patton Twp., deceased.

15 MAYER—The first and partial account of Harry V. Neubauer Testamentary Trustee of Herman, as set forth in the will of said Adam Mayer.

16 NOLL—The first and final account of Geo. Noll, Admr., of &c., of William Noll, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

17 RUBLE—The first and final account of Bettie Kimport, Admrx., of &c., of William Ruble, late of Harris Twp., deceased.

18 SHEESLEY—The first and final account of H. B. Hering, Admr., of &c., of Mary C. Sheesley, late of Gregg Twp., deceased.

19 SNAVELY—The first and final account of John Snavely and Agnes Rote, Admrs., of Jeremiah Snavely, late of Gregg Twp., deceased.

20 SHELDEN—The account of The Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities, Exer., of the Estate of Ellen Honora Allen Sheiden, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased.

21 SWARTZ—The first and final account of C. T. Fryberger, Guardian for Frank Swartz and Ida Swartz, minor children of Benjamin F. Swartz, late of South Philipsburg Boro., deceased.

22 SWARTZ—The first and final account of C. T. Fryberger, Admr., of &c., of Mamie Swartz, late of South Philipsburg Boro., deceased.

23 RIDER—The first and final account of Wm. Groh Runkle, Admr., of John Rider, late of Penn Twp., deceased.

24 HARPER—The first and final account of Wm. Groh Runkle, Exer., of &c., of Catherine Harper, late of Potter Twp., deceased.

25 LIMBERT—The fourth and partial account of Wm. H. Limbert, Exer., of &c., of H. J. Limbert, deceased.

26 BREON—The second and final account of W. J. Carlin, Exer., of John Breon, late of Miles Twp., deceased.

27 ROAN—The first and final account of Andrew B. Roan, Admr., D. B. N., of Harriet N. Roan, late of Benner Twp., deceased.

28 SMITH—The first and final account of Hattie P. Miller, Admrx., of Caroline Smith, late of Benner Twp., deceased.

29 BRENNAN—The first and final account of Robert Brennan, Jr., Exer., of Robert Brenan, Sr., deceased.

Register's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., April 14, 1916.

FRANK SASSERMAN,
Register.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels, set apart to widows under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1851, have been confirmed by the Court and if no exceptions be filed on or about the 1st day of next term, the same will be confirmed absolutely.

1 The inventory and appraisement of personal property of Geo. W. Behers, late of Benner Twp., deceased; as the same was set apart to his widow, Sarah C. Behers.

2 The inventory and appraisement of personal property of M. C. Gephart, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased; as the same was set apart to his widow, Gertrude Gephart.

3 The inventory and appraisement of personal property of Walter O'Bryan, late of Ferguson Twp., deceased; as the same was set apart to his widow, Wilhelmina O'Bryan.

4 The inventory and appraisement of personal property of Thaddeus D. Stover, late of Miles Twp., deceased; as the same was set apart to his widow, Mary Stover.

5 The inventory and appraisement of personal property of James Woods, late of Bellefonte Boro., deceased; as the same was set apart to his widow, Tille Woods.

FRANK SASSERMAN,
Register and C. O. C.

DO YOU WANT A

GOOD BLOOD MEDICINE

There is nothing in the market that we know of better than

Green's Sarsaparilla Compound

It costs only one cent a dose and does the work. Price $1.00.

GREEN'S PHARMACY CO.

The Rexall Store

BELLEFONTE - PA.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on

MONDAY, MAY 15, 1916,

at 1.30 o'clock P. M. the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement or lot of land situate in the Town of Casanova, in the Township of Rush, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a post on Turnpike Street 3 feet West of the Northeast corner of lot No. 5, thence North 81 degrees East on line of said Turnpike Street 53 feet to a post, thence South 90 degrees East 150 feet to an alley, thence along said alley South 81 degrees West 50 feet to a post, thence North 9 degrees West 90 feet to a post, thence South 81 degrees West 3 feet, thence North 9 degrees West 60 feet to the said Turnpike Street, the place of beginning, being all of lot No. 7 and part of lot No. 5 in the general plot of plan of the said town of Casanova; having thereon erected a TWO STORY FRAME HOTEL BUILDING, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Geo. W. Ricketts.

TERMS OF SALE—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

GEO. H. YARNELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
April 13, 1916.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on

MONDAY MAY 15, 1916,

at 2 P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Ferguson Township, County of Centre, State of Pennsylvania, along public road leading Eastward to State College, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point South of said public road along the Bellefonte Central Railroad, thence South 2¼ degrees West along said railroad, 150 feet to a stone; thence South 76 degrees East 77¼ feet to a stone along land of Benjamin Corl, Sr.; thence along land of same North two and one-fourth degrees East 240 feet to a stone; thence along land of same on line parallel with aforesaid public road 105 feet to the place of beginning; Containing 43.5 rods, more or less, and thereon erected a DWELLING HOUSE and other improvements.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of J. C. Krebs.

TERMS OF SALE:—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

GEO. H. YARNELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.,
April 17, 1916.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Henry C. Quigley, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the County of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date the 5th day of April, 1916, to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the

THIRD MONDAY OF MAY,

being the 15th day of May, 1916, and to continue two weeks.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 15th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 17th day of April in the year of our Lord 1916, and the one hundred and fortieth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

GEO. H. YARNELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
April 17th, 1916.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Henry C. Quigley, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the County of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 5th day of April, 1916, to me directed, for holding a Special Term of Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the

31st DAY OF MAY, 1916,

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 17th day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1916, and the one hundred and fortieth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

GEO. H. YARNELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
April 17, 1916.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No 4, February Term, 1916.

Order of publication in Divorce.

To J. EUGENE WILSON:—

Whereas, Ruth E. Wilson, your wife, has filed a libel in the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County to No. 4, February Term 1916, praying for a divorce against you, now you are hereby notified and required to appear in said Court on or before the 5th. day of June, 1916 to answer the complaint of the said Ruth E. Wilson and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence.

April 24, 1916. GEO. H. YARNELL, Sheriff

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, will lead to chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily. 25c a box at all stores.

Penny-A-Word Column

FOR SALE—Office furniture at the office of J. M. Keichline.

WANTED—Painter and paper hanger, at once. Apply to Stover & Cairns; Bellefonte, Pa.

NOTICE—We will pay the highest price for 1916 Black Oak Bark. Write, phone or call for information. P. B. Crider & Son, Bellefonte.

GIRL WANTED—Girl wanted at once to do cooking and general housework. Apply to or address Mrs. Charles E. Dorworth, West Linn Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

WANTED—Earn $15 to $20 weekly addressing mailing circulars spare time; circulars, instructions, 10 cents. Mailing service. 210 Holliday building, Indianapolis, Ind.

WOMEN WANTED—Full time salary $15.00 selling guaranteed hoisery to wearer; 25c an hour spare time. Permanent, experience unnecessary. Inter Hoisery Mills, Norristown.

FEMALE HELP WANTED—Good money made at home coloring art pictures; easy and pleasant work; no experience required; sample free. Wheeler & Co., Room 404—337 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—3 double dwelling houses, 1 steam plant with 55 loops of N. Y. Radiators, 1 F. & H. lighting system with 10 lights, cost $156.00 will sell for $75.00. As good as new. Toner A. Hugg, Milesburg, Pa.

WOMEN WANTED—Full time, salary $15.00 selling Guaranteed Hosiery to wearer, 25c an hour spare time; permanent; experience unnecessary for particulars and samples address, Inter. Hosiery Mills, Norristown, Pa.

FOR SALE—High grade Holstein Friesian cows for sale, also 4 young bulls old enough for service; 4 heifers. All sired by Tioga King Clothilde No. 52325, H. F. H. B. These young cattle are ⅞ pure.—R. D. Musser, Spring Mills, Pa Bell phone, 11—5.

AGENTS WANTED—The money is yours if you grab this winner. Sells to every man—no talking. Show it and sale is made. Sample $1.00. Write Wyoming Co. 116 Wyoming St., Dayton, O.

AGENTS WANTED—$25 to $50 Weekly in a business of your own. Don't be an agent. Start in the Gold, Silver, Nickel etc. Plating Business. Prof. Gray's outfits are practical and complete. Work easy, profit enormous. Every family, restaurant, shop has tableware, jewelry, metal goods of all kinds to be re-plated. Every other business over-crowded—no plating shops. A grand opening in your section. Will you grasp it? Address today. GRAY & CO., Plating Works, 150 Gray Bldg., CINCINNATI, O.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

For Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and are a pleasant remedy for Worms. Used by Mothers for 28 years. They never fail. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Leroy, N. Y.

Itch! Itch! Itch!—Scratch! Scratch! Scratch! The more you scratch, the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. For eczema, any skin itching. 50c a box.

AGENTS WANTED

To handle new Automobile accessory. Sale with every demonstration. Inexpensive. Good profit. Write to-day.

Fullerton Sales Co.

3300 Second Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa

DOLLARS SAVED

On all Guaranteed Make T're

Sell us your worn out tires. G circular No. 27P stating sizes a makes wanted.

Pittsburgh Tire & Rubber Brokerage Co.

206 Market Street - PITTSBURGH, PA

BURNS HIS SHIP FOR FUEL

Caught in Ice Floe, Captain Has to Cut Away Woodwork to Keep Engines Going.

Caught in the ice off the Banks of Newfoundland and held fast there for ten days without coal, compelled to burn the woodwork and furniture of the ship for fuel, the Loch Tay, a Norwegian steamship, arrived at New York after a voyage of 31 days from Rotterdam.

Storms delayed the progress of the Loch Tay almost from the moment when she left port at Rotterdam, and by the time she reached the Banks she had burned up every ounce of coal.

The ship soon found herself in an ice pack, the outer edge of which seemed to grow more and more distant until it became an immense field, extending to the horizon in every direction.

To get out of this frozen barrier without fuel for the engines was impossible, so the captain began feeding to the flames first the furniture of the ship and then bulkheads and whatever woodwork there was aboard, to keep up steam until the open sea was regained. To accomplish this required ten days. After putting into St. Johns, Newfoundland, to recoal, the Loch Tay resumed her voyage to New York, encountering new storms and head winds lasting up to the time of her arrival there.

War Sends Us Professional Men.

The exodus of professional men and women from the war-stricken sections of Europe has been greater since June 30, 1914, than at any other period in the country's history. In the nineteen months ended January 31, last, 18,476 persons in the professions emigrated to the United States, most of them coming from England and France.

Teachers led the list. More than 3,000 were admitted, and a large number secured employment in American schools and colleges. Many of them were private tutors. About 1,000 members of the theatrical profession came to this side. Members of other professions entering were: Clergymen, 1,600; engineers, 2,400; sculptors and artists, 700; musicians, 1,100; literary workers, 400; physicians, 600; electricians, 900; architects, 300; lawyers, 450; editors, 200. More than 3,500 other professional persons, not listed in the professions above named, were admitted to United States ports.

TO PAY BONUS TO SOLDIERS?

Britain May Restore Custom Which for a Period Was a Recognized Proceeding.

Will there be a general issue of batta money at the conclusion of the present great war, and if so how much will it amount to?

Doubtless the above question has occurred to not a few old British soldiers at the front, and to as many of the younger ones as have heard of the custom.

Batta money is a gratuity which old-established army usage has decreed shall be paid in certain circumstances to private soldiers and noncommissioned officers taking part in an exceptionally arduous campaign. It derives its name from a Hindustani word meaning perquisities or wages, and its payment was originally confined to India. There have, however, been plenty of precedents for the payment of batta outside that country, one recent notable instance being in connection with the Nile expedition for the relief of General Gordon, when Lord Wolseley insisted on the time-honored custom being observed as regarded the troops under his command, with the result that every man received $25 in cash soon after the conclusion of the campaign.

Batta money, it may be of interest to note, is by immemorial custom paid in gold, and usually in new sovereigns, and there are frequently wild scenes in the garrison towns when the long-looked-for day arrives. The coins are dished out—literally "dished out"—to the men by companies, the recipients being paraded for the purpose on the barrack square, and the packages of gold served out to them from the round ration tins that are ordinarily used to draw the bread and meat in.

HOT WATER BED IS RESTFUL

Four Hours' Sleep in Bathtub Said to Be Equal to Eight of Usual Kind.

Sleeping in a bath tub full of water kept at blood temperature is claimed by some physicians to give the required amount of rest in half the time that sleeping in a bed requires, Popular Science Monthly says. In other words, four hours' sleep in a bathtub filled with water at the proper temperature—and always maintained at that temperature—will result in the exact amount of restfulness that eight hours in bed will give.

The explanation is that warm water completely relaxes the nerves, which ordinary sleep does not necessarily do. The most difficult part of this treatment is in maintaining the water at a constant temperature, and for the purpose of accomplishing the result a middle western manufacturer has recently brought out on the market a thermostatic water-control apparatus, which, as its name implies, maintains the water at any desired temperature.

In practice, the patient climbs into a bath tub filled with water, his head protruding through a hole in a rubber blanket, which is strapped around the edges of the tub. Water constantly flows in at one end of the tub and out at the other.

For the harried business man, who complains that his working day is too short, such a sleeping couch as this should have a distinct appeal. He should be willing to rest four hours at least.

NOT FAULT OF CHILDREN

Many Reasons Advanced for Cases of Truancy Reported in the Schools of the Country.

The average public-school truant is a physical defective and has an abnormal blood pressure, equal to that of a man of twenty-five. This is the conclusion reached after a scientific study of eighty typical truants in New York city.

Only seven of the group were found free from physical drawbacks, which the investigators enumerate as follows: Bad teeth, 73; poor vision, 17; defective nutrition, 21; trouble with their feet, 20; tobacco users, 60; alcohol drinkers, 19. Those who did not breath right made up 10 per cent of the 80 truants; enlarged tonsils, 10 per cent; difficult hearing, 7 per cent; heart ailment, 5 per cent.

As to high blood pressure among the truants, this was verified by examination of inmates at the parental school. There the boys, on admission, almost uniformly show an abnormal pressure which usually is reduced to the normal after two or three months' stay in the institution.

According to the school authorities, 49 per cent of the pupils have something the matter with their teeth.

Truancy is due not only to physical defects, the investigators found, but is chargeable to poor digestion, crowded classes, improperly trained teachers, lack of special studies and classes and wrong home influences.

Open-Air Court of Justice.

The capital of Montenegro consists of one long street, in which stands the Tree of Justice, under which the king dispenses law and equity in true patriarchal style. No stranger could pick out his majesty or his family from the rest of the crowd. In daily life the Montenegrins are eminently republican. A group of three or four may be seen smoking pipes round a table, or enjoying an evening stroll, all dressed alike, with an arsenal of knives and pistols in their belts, and the universal "strouka," or boat's-hair blanket, over their shoulders. One is, perhaps, the minister of war, the second a tailor, the third a farmer, the fourth the president of the senate and the fifth the minister of finance.

Leather From Sea Lions' Hide.

Because of the increased demand for leather caused by the war the use of sea lion hides for leather has been proposed in Canada. Already the British Columbian factory, it is reported, has made excellent gloves, belting and other articles from these hides.

His Share.

Thomas P. Gore, the blind senator from Oklahoma, spoke of the problem of interest and usury in this country recently at a dinner of the New York Credit Men's association and told the following story to illustrate practices which Comptroller of the Currency John Skelton Williams had unearthed.

"A man down in my own state went into a little bank in a country town and gave his note for $10 for three months. The bank deducted interest and gave him $7.50. A friend noticed he was looking pretty thoughtful and glum.

"'What's the matter, Jack?' he asked.

"'I was just thinking,' said Jack slowly, 'how glad I am I didn't give my note for a year. I wouldn't have got a cent!'"

Employed the Free Gift.

Last Christmas a teacher in a school made up of foreigners, Germans, Italians, Hebrews, Russians and Roumanians, gave each budding hyphenated American a small figure of the Madonna. The small statue was received with joy by each, but grimaces that showed exceeding joy illuminated the face of one of them so that the teacher watched him with interest until he asked in staccato tones: "Do you know vy I like dis? Because I get somding for nodding."—Indianapolis News.

An optimist is a man who can wear a celluloid collar, and hope to get away with it.

The fellow who clothes his smallest ideas in the largest words is generally a misfit.

It isn't necessary for a man to take an obesity cure in order to see his hair grow thin.

Treasurer's Sale of Unseated Land

for non-payment of taxes for the years 1914 and 1915, as well as certain lots of Seated Land. In accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes and other purposes," passed the 13th day of March 1815, and the various supplements thereof, together with the other various Acts of Assembly relating thereto, I, David Chambers, Treasurer of the County of Centre, hereby give notice to all persons concerned, that unless the taxes due and remaining unpaid on the following described tracts or parts of tracts of unseated land, as well as such lots of seated land, situated in said County of Centre, be paid before the day of sale, the whole or such part of each tract of said lands as will pay the taxes and costs chargeable thereon, will be exposed to public sale or outcry, at the Court House in the Borough of Bellefonte, in said county, commencing on the second Monday of June next (the 12th day thereof) and continuing, by adjournment from day to day, until all are sold.

BENNER TWP.

Acres Per.	Warrantee.	Sup. Owner.	Taxes & Costs
50	Harris, J. D. Est.	Grant Rose et al	4.12
50	Lingle, J. J.	How. E. Wells.	8.41
45	Kunes, Paul.	N. B. Spangler	5.03
25	Kunes, Richard.	N.B. Spangler	4.19
55	Kunes, Simon.	N. B. Spangler	5.46
50	Smith, John, Jr.	N. B. Spangler.	7.35
46	Smith, John.	N. B. Spangler.	5.23

BOGGS TWP.

301 120	Aston, George.	McCoy & Linn.	17.55
50	Brooks, Jesse.	C. & J. Curtin.	6.68
328	Brooks, Jesse.	C. & J. Curtin.	26.45
150	Chancellor, Wm.	McCoy & Linn.	24.47
179 79	Curtin, John.	C. & J. Curtin.	16.93
63 36	Curtin, Austin.	C. & J. Curtin.	8.81
108	Curtin, James.	C. & J. Curtin.	17.35
145 21	Curtin, R.	C. & J. Curtin.	13.43
12 63	Curtin, Roland.	C. & J. Curtin.	4.46
400	Carscadden, D.	W. G. Runkle.	31.58
300	Davis, Nathan'l.	McCoy & Linn.	31.58
150	Davis, Sampson.	McCoy & Linn.	24.47
100	Evans, Miles.	Cons Curtin	17.35
426	Evans, Jesse.	Cons. Curtin	33.41
19	Forbes, Samuel.	McCoy & Linn.	4.49
84 54	Gregg, Andrew.	C. & J. Curtin.	5.56
433 153	Godfrey, Martha.	E. J. Brown.	34.06
433 163	Harvey, John.	J. H. Long & J. B. Furst.	17.47
308 3	Holt, John.	C. & J. Curtin.	25.18
431 40	Hood, Moses.	J. H. Long & J. B. Furst.	17.51
100	Kelso, James.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.24
150	Kelso, Rebecca.	C. & J. Curtin.	13.78
100	Lane, Wm.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.24
150	Lane, Mary.	C. & J. Curtin.	13.78
100	Lane, Sarah.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.24
150	Lane, Sarah.	C. & J. Curtin.	13.78
50	Lane, Wm.	C. & J. Curtin.	6.56
337	Livergood, Wm.	C. & J. Curtin.	27.51
46	Lingle, J. J.	McCoy & Linn.	9.52
150	Miles, Evans.	McCoy & Linn	24.47
850	Miles, Samuel.	McCoy & Linn	28.02
100 80	McClure, John.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.24
339 78	McClure, John.	C. & J. Curtin.	27.31
50	Packer & Lucas.	A. D. Lucas.	6.68
346	Price, John.	McCoy & Linn	33.72
100	Reese, Daniel.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.24
300	Reese, Susan.	C. & J. Curtin.	24.47
150	Reese, Daniel.	C. & J. Curtin.	24.47
129 120	Rowland, James.	McCoy & Linn	12.37
85	Shaw, Robert.	McCoy & Linn	15.22
421 89	Scott, John.	McCoy & Linn	33.01
250	Scott, Samuel.	McCoy & Linn	20.91
200	Wilson, William.	C. & J. Curtin.	20.91
180 90	Wister, Wm.	McCoy & Linn	16.93
150	Wister, Wm.	McCoy & Linn	13.78
150	Yarnell & McCallister.	C. & J. Curtin.	20.81

BURNSIDE TWP.

415	Bagron, John.	Kato Coal Co.	24.57
¾ of 433-163	Barkelly, Jno.	H. S. Taylor.	8.75
¾ of 377-121	Bell, Wm.	H. S. Taylor.	8.03
415	Canby, Eli.	Kato Coal Co.	24.57
433 163	Dallas, Alex J.	P. Gray Meek.	25.57
¼ of 433-163	Donnelson, Jno	H. S. Taylor.	8.75
433 163	Greaves, Alex.	Kato Coal Co.	25.57
¼ of 433-163	Gray, Wm.	Realty Estates	8.80
2-3 of 433-163	Hall, Wash.	Realty Estates	18.62
1-6 of 433-163	Hall, Chas.	Frank C.Graham	6.79
3-6 of 433-163	Hall, Chas.	Mary McA. Beaver & F. F.Dale	14.26
1-6 of 433-163	Hall, Chas.	Arthur Graham	4.66
1-6 of 433-163	Hall, Chas.	M. R. Graham.	4.66
1-6 of 433-163	Hall, Henry.	Realty Estates	6.79
433 163	Hall, Nancy.	Realty Estates	16.85
⅓ of 433-163	Irwin, John.	H. S. Taylor.	7.51
¼ of 433-163	Irwin, Mathias.	H. S. Taylor.	7.51
¼ of 433-163	Jackson, Jere.	Realty Estates	8.80
¼ of 433-163	Johnson, Fran.	H. S. Taylor.	7.51
¼ of 333-163	Kerwin, Wm. D.	H. S. Taylor.	7.25
314	Long, J. Z.	Kato Coal Co.	19.57
379¾	Lewis, David.	Kato Coal Co.	22.76
¼ of 130-153	Lenox, David.	H. S. Taylor.	4.62
433 153	Morris, Jos.	Kato Coal Co.	25.57
¼ of 433-153	McPherson, Wm.	H. S. Taylor.	5.93
64	O'Brian, Mich'l.	H. S. Taylor.	6.45
¼ of 243-153	O'Brian, Mich'l	H. S. Taylor.	6.22
433 163	Pancost, Samuel.	Kato Coal Co.	25.57
316 163	Parker, Jeremiah	Realty Estates	14.26
¼ of 283-153	Pettitt, Chas.	H. S. Taylor.	6.74
433 163	Rugg, John.	Kato Coal Co.	25.57
415	Shym, John.	Kato Coal Co.	24.57
¼ of 433-163	Stewart, Chas.	H. S. Taylor.	8.75
415	Tollheim, Sarah.	Realty Estates	24.57
⅛ of 200	Unknown.	Ellen E. Bower	8.29
40	Unknown.	P. Gray Meek.	5.19
¾ of 123	Wheeler, Henry.	John Hoy Est.	8.29
410 151	Wallace, Jos. J.	Steph. Holder.	12.14
433 163	Wallace, Jos. J.	Kingston Realty Co.	25.57
433 163	Wallace, Jos. J.	Government Land Co.	25.57

COLLEGE TWP.

364	Johnson, Ross.	Theodore Davis Boal	40.76

CURTIN TWP.

50	Brooks, Jesse.	Realty Estates	5.95
415	Brooks, Jesse.	Realty Estates	26.61
30	Curtin, John.	Cons. Curtin.	4.82
119	Carscadden, D.	A. D. Lucas.	9.91
208	DeHaven, Peter.	Kato Coal Co.	20.30
194	DeHaven, Peter.	Dunlap & Williams	9.02
311	Evans, Cadwallader.	Kato Coal Co.	28.47
415	Elliot, Wm.	Kato Coal Co.	38.34
114	Evans, Cadwallader.	Dunlap & Williams	9.58
200	Furst, John F.	Kato Coal Co.	16.22
415	Gilbert, Wm.	Centre Brick & Clay Co.	38.34
292	Irwin, Robt.	Realty Estates	20.45
433	Kelso, Rebecca.	Centre Brick & Clay Co.	39.82
403	Kelso, Rebecca.	A. Pardee Est.	19.92
400	Long, J. B.	W. G. Runkle.	25.77
207½	Lowns, Caleb.	Kato Coal Co.	20.68
207½	Longstreth, Is.	Kato Coal Co.	20.68
70	Mason, John S.	Kato Coal Co.	7.08
100	Mitchell, M. J.	Cons. Curtin.	8.80
158 93	Packer, Job W.	R. J. Mann.	12.18
158 93	Packer, Job W.	Julius H. Seymour	9.78
200	Tunis, Richard.	J. P. Hale Jenkins	14.44
415	Taylor, Joseph.	R. J. Mann.	26.62
229	Wahn, Richard.	Kato Coal Co.	16.14
4-5 of 160A.	Willis, Jonath'n.	Jas. A. Beaver & Furst	12.18
433 163	White, James.	A. Pardee.	7.52
160	Willis, Jonathan (West end)	Centre Brick & Clay Co.	21.24

FERGUSON TWP.

298	Anderson, John.	J. Watt Miller.	18.87
400	Baker, James.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	35.61
110	Baker, John.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	12.57
87 127	Barnett, Jos.	J. Watt Miller.	5.51
235	Buckbee, Isaac.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	22.01
65	Buckbee, Isaac.	Harry N. Musser	5.51
100	Burchfield, Wm.	J. F. Bible.	6.27
37	Horner, Benj. Jr.	Harry N. Musser	5.51
100	Hall, John.	John B. Isett.	5.22
147	Hill, Henry.	John B. Isett.	10.12
62 116	Kohlmeyer, Geo.	J. Watt Miller.	5.07
300	Lush, Josiah.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	18.87
178	Manley, Henry.	Harry N. Musser	8.73
329	Mosley, Richard.	Harry N. Musser	13.50
55	Mitchell, David.	R. A. Zentmeyer	4.66
72	Moore, Thos. L.	R. A. Zentmeyer	5.14
36	McKean, John.	C. T. Aikens.	4.13
125	North, Caleb.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	11.00
312	Patton, John.	H. C. Bailey.	9.42
400	Petherbridge, Jno. Sr.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	15.72
64	Petherbridge, Jno. Jr.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	9.42
275	Rankin, Robert.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	11.80
373	Risk, Chas.	John B. Isett.	17.12
25	Rainey, Robert.	John B. Isett.	4.18
160	Smith, Thos.	John B. Isett.	10.12
159	Unknown.	G. Wood Miller	7.85
212	Unknown.	G. Wood Miller	12.57

GREGG TWP.

380	Hubley, Bernard	H. B. Hering.	16.85
50	Unknown.	John Workman	3.92
52	Unknown.	E. G. Crownover	5.61
50	Unknown.	John Workman	3.92
50	Unknown.	Brown Est.	4.94

HAINES TWP.

196	Arnard—.	Julius H. Seymour	6.52
296	Black, James.	Spangler & Smith	12.99
125	Cowley, H. B.	L. L. Weaver.	7.58
181	Fees, Jacob.	Earl Motz	9.04
200	Gratz, Simon.	John Stoner.	9.79
100	Gratz, Simon.	Earl Motz.	6.41
100	Gratz, Simon.	John Stoner.	6.41
350	Hartman & Doebler.	John Stoner.	18.82
229 28	Haupt & Hunter	John Stoner.	16.76
300	Hosterman, Peter.	John Stoner. J. K. & J. W.	12.99
150	Levy, Aaron.	Riefsnyder	5.87
142 30	Meyer, J. G.	John Stoner.	7.80
150	Philips, Levi.	J. K. & J. W. Riefsnyder	5.67
150	Unknown.	Earl Motz	8.07

HALF MOON TWP.

167	Anshultz, Geo.	R. A. Zentmeyer	9.04
40	Bryan, Samuel.	G. Wood Miller	9.72
44 99	Cross, James.	McNitt Heyett Lumber Co.	10.38
18	Delige, C. F.	McNitt Heyett Lumber Co.	4.62
217 10	Floyd, Henry.	Tyrone Mfg. & M. Co.	38.78
172	Hill, Henry.	John B. Isett.	16.17
8 10	Hollingsworth, Levi.	Geo. Rider	3.35
700 120	Jalliff, Richard.	McNitt Heyett Lumber Co.	42.74
95	Keith, Jacob.	R. A. Zentmeyer	6.12
400 20	Lamborn, Isaac.	McNitt Heyett Lumber Co.	29.54
217	McKissick, John.	McNitt Heyett Lumber Co.	17.49
30	Moore, Thos.	R. A. Zentmeyer	5.27
54	Shaerer, Isaac.	E. G. Crownover	4.91
44 11	Unknown.	Ada Hutchinson	4.62
133 180	Whitehead, Rich	Tyrone M. & Mfg. Co.	28.32

HARRIS TWP.

400	Andre, Absolem.	Realty Estates	19.00
400	Brown, Wm.	Realty Estates	19.00
89	Irwin, John.	Jas. Glenn Est.	9.47
50	Irwin, John.	Theodore Davis Boal	5.05
400	Patterson, Robt.	Realty Estates	19.00
400	Patterson, Robt.	Realty Estates	19.00
100	Young, Samuel.	P. Gray Meek.	5.11

HOWARD TWP.

217	Bonham, Sarah.	Realty Estates	14.30
104 133	Brady, John.	Realty Estates	8.56
217	Bonham, Sarah.	Fred Schumacher	14.45
40	Crawford, John.	C. & J. Curtin.	7.24
142 134	Curtin, Rolland.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.85
62	Curtin, James.	C. & J. Curtin.	7.01
250	Evans, Jesse.	C. & J. Curtin.	18.67
154	Green, James.	C. & J. Curtin.	11.56
206	Godfrey, John.	Const'ce Curtin.	13.52
25	Godfrey, Joseph.	Marg't C. Gates	4.67
87	Hale, James T.	Const'ce Curtin.	8.27
50	Harris, A. D.	Const'ce Curtin.	7.01
49	Leathers, Sam'l.	Const'ce Curtin.	5.70
100	Parker, Wm.	C. & J. Curtin.	10.85
34 52	Steritt, James.	W. H. Long.	4.87
150 70	Turner, Hannah.	C. & J. Curtin.	16.00

HUSTON TWP.

100	Burley, Jacob.	N. B. Spangler.	46.27
100	Kuhn, Robert.	N. B. Spangler.	46.27
56	Kuhn, —.	A. T. & M.D.Gray	14.52
165	Kuhn, Adam.	N. B. Spangler.	14.99
159	Kuhn, Wm.	N. B. Spangler.	13.91
175	Kuhn, Andrew.	Centre Lum. Co.	15.71
110	Kuhn, Daniel.	Centre Lum. Co.	11.03
130	Kuhn, Charles.	Centre Lum. Co.	12.47
105	Kuhn, Jacob.	Centre Lum. Co.	10.67
75	Kuhn, Solsmon.	Centre Lum. Co.	8.51
50	Kuhn, Peter.	Centre Lum. Co.	6.72
71 111	Kuhn, Charles.	N. B. Spangler.	8.51
270	Seeley, Isaac.	Centre Lum. Co.	21.46
50	Unknown.	N. B. Spangler.	6.72

LIBERTY TWP.

80	Garrell, Wm.	Susan E. Wolf.	5.44
65	Hamilton, Arch.	Sarah T. Gibbs.	7.23
175	Hess, Geo. T.	Kato Coal Co.	14.86
250	Jackson, John.	J. J. Deppin.	17.79
200	Krouse, Daniel.	Susan E. Wolf.	8.92
400	Leach, Martha.	J. J. Deppin.	26.59
50	Parsons, Thos. C.	Sarah T. Gibbs.	6.05
175	Quigley, Jas. A.	Kato Coal Co.	13.68
50	Smith, Robt.	Susan E. Wolf.	5.44
10	Unknown.	W. H. Gardner.	4.60

MARION TWP.

50	Allison, Wm.	Franklin Weight	4.83
158 68	Curtin, Constance.	C. & J. Curtin.	20.50
298 107	Miles, James.	Moses Thomps'n	14.64
56	Miles, James.	Harry R. Curtin.	8.24
70	Rohrer, Christ.	D. Z. Frain (No 32)	20.15
60	Wilson, Marg.	C. & J. Curtin.	5.16
200	Young, Robt.	Curtin & Co.	9.93

MILES TWP.

200	Antis, Henry.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	9.92
200	Antis, Frederick.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	6.52
100	Brooks, Jesse.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	4.82
200	Brady, John.	J. J. Deppin.	10.34
49	Brady, Wm.	Grant Rose et al	4.13
150	Cooper, Wm.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	5.68
520	Fearon, Jas.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	8.56
10	Hall, Chas.	Hosterman & Stover	3.49
75	Hall, Chas.	Hosterman & Stover	6.73
130	Housel, John.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	8.56
250	Housel, John.	Jul's H. Seymour	7.38
250	Jackson, Jerem'h	J. J. Deppin.	12.15
106	Levy, Richard.	J. K. & J. W. Reifsnyder	6.52
413	Tripp, Jos.	Marion Rogers.	10.15
100	Unknown.	Wm. C. Heinle.	6.73
44	Unknown.	Wm. C. Heinle.	4.66
315	Williams, Dan'l.	E. G. Crownover	14.50
150	Young, Benj.	Earl Motz.	8.54

PATTON TWP.

300 120	Baker, Jacob.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	21.70
148 20	Burton, Robt.	M. Thompson	12.28
148	Diehl, Adam.	Annie E. Thompson	12.28
69	Diehl, Thos.	Annie E. Thompson	6.84
30	Diehl, Nich. Sr.	Jas. I. Thomps'n	9.06
108	Diehl, Nich. Sr.	Jas. I. Thomps'n	13.12
65	Diehl, Nich. Sr.	Jas. I. Thomps'n	9.14
9	Diehl, Nich. Sr.	Geo. F. Miller	4.55
25	Ellis, Wm.	B. E. Cori	4.21
86	Ellis, Wm.	Wm. Thompson	6.06
65	Grove, Robt.	Moses Thompson	5.14
400 120	Horner, Benj.	McNitt Huyett Lumber Co.	27.39
13	Kline, John.	Adam Krumrine.	4.04
15	Kunes, Peter.	N. B. Spangler.	3.58
80	Kunes, Sol.	N. B. Spangler.	5.60
69	Kline, John.	Jas. I. Thomps'n	11.91
160	McKean, Robt.	M. Thompson.	12.32
51	Newport, Jas.	J. D. Neidigh.	4.71
202	O'Brian, John.	M. Thompson.	15.63
165	White, John.	M. Thompson.	18.46
121 52	West, Thos.	M. Thompson.	19.80
55	Wilson, Wm.	M. Thompson.	4.84
40	Unknown.	J.M. Huey	6.22
107	Unknown.	J.G. Gray	9.79
100	Cook, Wm.	Jos. Guidice.	6.66
120 20	Hamilton, Thos.	John Stoner.	6.69
1½	Unknown.	Wm. D. Zerby.	3.44
400	Cogswell, D.	J. F. Bible.	19.00
400	Forbes, Jas.	Realty Estates.	15.03
¾ of 400A.	Huffman, Wm.	R. E. Jones.	5.22
400	Harrison, Wm.	J. F. Bible.	19.00
400	Levy, Daniel.	Peter Smith	19.00
105	McClellan, Geo.	N. B. Spangler.	7.49
42	Moore, James.	Chas. Bilger	5.50
400	Smith, Daniel.	J. Wittenberg.	19.00
40	Unknown.	W. M. Grove.	3.71
100	Young, Samuel.	J. J. Deppin.	7.09
140	Allison, Andrew.	James A. Beaver Est.	157.57
265	Allison, A. & Jno	James A. Beaver Lilly.	366.30
40 10	Atherton, Rich.	David M. Ellis.	35.92
318 153	Allison, Andrew.	Realty Estates.	20.15
290 110	Arthur, Ann.	Wm.C.Heinle Est	36.06
433 153	Brenner, Daniel.	Christ Sharrer.	39.77
433 153	Bruntzman, Peter.	Mrs. A. J. Steinman	112.92
393 153	Chestnut, Sam'l.	Christ Sharrer.	36.39
40	Chestnut, Sam'l.	Christ Sharrer.	6.50
100	Copenhaver, Jno	Julius H. Seymour	7.22
400	Copenhaver, Jno.	Julius H. Seymour	11.32
400	Copenhaver, Jno.	J. M. Heinle.	36.90
433 153	Dentier, Jacob.	Christ Sharrer.	39.77
433	Dentier, Wm.	Citizens Wat. Co	20.88
311	Eberman, Philip	Wm.C.Heinle Est	29.42
122	Eberman, Philip	Citizens Wat Co	13.12
30	Eberman, John.	Citizens Wat Co	6.81
433 153	Edwards, Thos.	Mrs. A. J. Steinman	76.27
433 163	Ehler, Daniel.	Christ Sharrer.	39.77
433 153	Fitzgerald, Dan'l	Christ Sharrer.	39.77
50	French, Edw.		
½ of 433-153	Graff, Sebastian.	I. R. Pringle	11.58
½ of 433-153	Graff, Sebastian.	Wm. F. Biddle. Morris C. Eby.	185.67
216 156	Grant, Thos.	Mrs. A. J. Steinman	39.60
433	Gundaker, John.	David M. Ellis.	38.17
216 156	Grant, Thos.	David M. Ellis.	20.89
216 156	Hamilton, Thos.	David M. Ellis.	249.12
216 156	Hamilton, Thos.	Mrs. A. J. Steinman	39.60
433 153	Hamilton, Hugh.	Julius H. Seymour	20.91
431 100	Harris, Jno. P.	Wm.C.Heinle Est	39.73
433 163	Harris, Wm. P.	E. J. Pruner Est	38.63
433 153	Irwin, Robt.	Mrs. A. J. Steinman	76.27
¼ of 433-163	Irwin, Robt.	E. M. Leifer Est	21.45
396	Jordon, Benj.	Julius H. Seymour	19.50
433 153	Jordon, Owen.		
433 153	Jenkins, W. R.	Christ Sharrer. E. J. Pruner Est	39.77 38.63
100	King, Robert.	Realty Estates.	11.57
433 153	Lucas, Bennet.	P. Gray Meek.	39.77
15	Lawerence, Casp	Christ Sharrer.	4.11
433 153	Lowden, Richard	Christ Sharrer.	39.77
418 153	Lawerence, Casp	Christ Sharrer.	38.43
433 163	Lee, John.	Wm.C.Heinle Est	39.77
368 147	Lathrop, Wm. A.	Wm.C.Heinle Est	33.84
270	McEntire, Hugh.	Realty Estates.	25.92
¼ of 433-153	Morgan, R. B.	E. M. Leifer Est	17.89
¼ of 433-153	Musser, John.	E. M. Leifer Est	21.45
433 153	Meyer, Jacob.	D. H. Hastings and Orvis.	185.67
433 153	McCommond, Jol	F. P. Blair.	76.27
433 153	Pinkerton, Henry	Christ Sharrer.	185.81
¼ of 433-153	Peters, Rich.	E. M. Leifer Est	21.45
117	Phillips, Hard.	David M. Ellis.	99.06
301 153	Pim, George.	Wm.C.Heinle Est	28.46
¼ of 430-	9 Ramsey, Jas.	J. C. Nason.	10.72
433 153	Ross, Thos.	Mrs. A. J. Steinman	39.77
406	Snyder, Barbara	Christ Sharrer.	37.42
433	Slough, Jacob.	Eve Sharrer.	39.71
214	Stout, Jacob.	Citizens Wat Co	11.90
433	Slough, George.	David M. Ellis.	495.12
433 153	Slough, Geo.	Calvin Sharrer. Thos. H. Litz &	39.77
433 153	Siddens, Ellenor.	Robt. Jackson.	39.77
433	Smith, Mary.	J. W. Thomas.	39.77
400	Smith, John.	P. Gray Meek.	36.90
6	Unknown.	I. R. Pringle &	
193	Witmer, Henry.	Eve Sharrer.	7.84
433 153	Wetzler, Jacob.	Cl. C. French. Realty Estates.	18.52 39.77
358	Wilson, Wm.	Ramey Wat Co.	31.64
433 153	Welsh, Jos.	Mary B. Avery.	20.81
40	Curtin, R.	C. & J. Curtin.	4.81
71 69	Forbes, Samuel.	Frank McCoy.	18.16
50 46	Harris, Jas. D.	Cons. Curtin.	13.70
20	Long, John.	C. & J. Curtin	7.35
46	Lingle, J. J.	Frank McCoy.	12.55
216	McClure, Wm.	Chas. F. Schad.	12.26
100	McCalmont, Wm.	N. B. Spangler	7.35
100	McClure, Wm.	Chas. P. Schad	7.35
25	Wilson, William.	John N. Royer.	5.24
47	Unknown.	Chas. Bilger.	7.16

A SLIGHT MISTAKE

An Episode of Shakedown City

By F. A. MITCHEL

The wild and woolly west is now a thing of the past. If gun play, public gambling and horse stealing are in vogue in any part of the United States we hear nothing of them. But the probability is that these things have died out before the advance of civilization and the consequent setting up of the church and the schoolhouse.

Before the dawn of this new condition, when all sorts of persons—good, bad and indifferent—were crowding into a country not yet abandoned by the Indian, when every man was expected to look out for his own interests, it is remarkable, in some instances laughable, what small things men would fight about.

In a settlement west of the Missouri river some forty years ago, where there was but one woman to a dozen men among the inhabitants, Cyrus Atkins was out beyond the borders of the town looking for stray cattle when up the road came a woman driving a rattletrap buggy. Whether she was fair to look upon is not a matter of certainty, for any woman not a fright was beautiful in the eyes of men who were constantly looking on their own sex only. Certain it is that this person driving toward the settlement was beautiful in Cyrus Atkins' eyes.

"How do, ma'am," he said, putting his hand to his sombrero.

"How do," was the laconic reply. "Air you from the settlement?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Any chance for anybody to make a livin' there?"

"Reckon, but a good lookin' woman like you don't need to make a livin'. All she has to do is to pick out a husband and let him do it for her."

"Suppose the husband can't make a livin' for himself?"

"Then, I reckon, the wife 'ud have to do it for both."

"Jist so."

The woman, who had an independent air about her, whipped up her horse and left Mr. Atkins standing beside the road gaping after her. He was thinking that as soon as she got into the settlement, which was called Shakedown City—all settlements appended the word "city" to their name in that country at that time—she would be surrounded by half the men with offers of marriage. He hesitated whether to go on searching for his cattle or go back at once and put in his application. At that moment he spied one of his lost animals in the distance. This decided him, and he concluded to lose an hour or so in putting in his application for the sake of getting his cattle.

When the woman reached the borders of Shakedown City she encountered Enoch Dolittle.

"Ary tavern in the town?" she asked him.

"Yes, ma'am," was the reply. "'Tain't much of a place for a good lookin' woman like you to stop at, seein' there's nothin' but men around."

"Well, I reckon I got to stop there, seein' I don't know nobody in the town."

"There's a few married women in Shakedown. I know one of 'em that I reckon'll take you in."

"Where does she live?"

"I'll show you."

Mr. Dolittle walked along beside the buggy to a house where a frowsy woman was washing dishes, and the stranger said she would like accommodations. Since the reply was favorable, the applicant decided to put up there. She said her stay would be short; but, although she was asked the cause of her coming and other questions, she proved close mouthed and gave no satisfactory answers. An hour later Mr. Dolittle was walking down a road leading to some property he had preempted when he met Cyrus Atkins driving his cattle home.

"Seen anything," asked Cyrus, "of a good lookin' woman drivin' into town in a buggy?"

"Yes."

"Where did she put up?"

"She was goin' to put up at the tavern, but I tuk her to Mrs. Green's."

"What had you to do with where she put up?"

"What's that to you?"

"A good deal. I'm the first man to see her comin' into town, and if she's goin' to settle yere I've got the fust claim on her."

"You don't reckon she'd have sich a red headed, slab sided feller as you, do you?"

"I don't propose to give way to a freckled, bowlegged chap like you."

Both men put their hands to their hips, but at the moment Antonio Thibadeaux, who had come from Louisiana, passed by and inquired the cause of the dispute. When duly informed that a new and comely woman had come to town and each of the men proposed to claim her in marriage, Thibadeaux said to them:

"This town ought to be above gunplay in the streets by this time. Yo' no'the'n men are mighty uncivilized in such affai's anyhow. If you two men want to fight about a lady, why don't you do it in a fashion that would do honor to her instead o' mixin' her up in a common shootin' match?"

The rivals were evidently impressed with this view of the case and asked how "them gentlemanly fights" were conducted. Thibadeaux said that he had participated in several, both as principal and second. If they desired it he would be happy to manage a meeting for them.

"Yo' see," he added, "if the lady hears that you have had a street fight about her she'll turn you both down. But if she hears that you have fought for her in a gentlemanly way she'll be much flattered, and the man that wins will have a tol'able good show."

This settled the matter. Mr. Thibadeaux took charge of the affair entirely, making all necessary arrangements, providing a second for each principal and sending to a neighboring town for a "sawbones." The time appointed was the next morning at 7 o'clock, the place to be where Cy Atkins had met the subject of the dispute. Mr. Thibadeaux said that in Louisiana, where he had picked up his knowledge of the code, it was considered bad taste to talk about such affairs, and they were usually kept secret. In this way a vulgar crowd was avoided, and if the fight was about a lady it was deemed more respectful to her.

A bit of gunplay in the street would not have necessarily called together a crowd, but such a novelty as a duel was sure to do so. It did not get out in Shakedown City that an affair according to the code, arranged by a prominent Louisiana duelist, was to take place, until late the night before the meeting. Consequently the lady who was to be fought for went to bed oblivious to the fact that two men were to meet the next morning at 7 o'clock in mortal combat to decide which should give way to the other in an effort to obtain her favor. Indeed, having looked over Shakedown City and not being pleased with it, she had determined to make an early start the next morning for the place from which she had come.

The secret of the duel was divulged by one of the seconds at the Golden Eagle saloon about midnight, and most of those present organized a small game to last till morning with the intention of adjourning from the sitting to the dueling ground to witness a real high toned shooting match as practiced in the state of Louisiana. Such an affair had never been known in Shakedown, and, though the citizens had heard of the code duello, their knowledge of it was very hazy.

About half past 6 each principal in the coming affair, attended by his second, left his residence and proceeded to the ground. The master of ceremonies was accompanied by the surgeon, a recent medical graduate, who had gone west to establish a practice, but had never seen a gunshot wound in his life. At the same time a crowd emerged from the Golden Eagle saloon and tramped down the road. Arrived at the appointed spot, Mr. Thibadeaux marked off the ground, taking care that neither of the disputants was placed so that the sun would shine in his eyes. He made the distance thirty paces, which, he said, was usual in such affairs. Each man was handed a revolver that had passed inspection by both seconds and stood ready for the signal to fire. Mr. Thibadeux said that dropping a handkerchief was the most approved method. But there were very few handkerchiefs in the party and they so soiled as not to be surely distinguished by the principals. Therefore it was decided to drop a hat.

Meanwhile a horse and buggy was seen emerging from the town, and just as the seconds handed the principals their weapons the vehicle drew up in the road beside the battleground.

"What's goin' on?" asked a woman who was driving.

Mr. Thibadeaux, lifting his sombrero, advanced to her and explained that a duel was about to be fought about a woman.

"What woman?"

"One that came to town yesterday, ma'am."

"Well, what has she got to do with it?"

The matter was briefly explained to her.

During the conversation the principals stood looking at the lady, recognizing her as the person about whom they had quarreled. The crowd, too, turned their faces from the disputants and gaped at her.

"See here, you galoots over there!" she called. "You don't want to fight about me. I got a husband and three children. And if I was single I wouldn't marry either of you. My husband's sick, and Hilton, where we live, is run down. I come over yere to see if there was a better chance to make a livin'. I wouldn't live in the town if you'd give it to me, and I wouldn't marry any man in it if I was single. So there! Git up, Sal."

And, giving her horse the whip, she passed on down the road.

The duel was called off, all adjourning to the Gold Eagle saloon, where the principals shook hands and called on all present to nominate their pizen. Then Mr. Thibadeaux, calling the crowd's attention by an ahem! said:

"Gents, I move that a committee be appointed to go to Hilton and represent to the lady the advantages of this place, which she has turned down, and assure her that if she will remove here with her family she will be taken care of. Since the committee must be provided with funds, I propose a collection."

The proposition resulted in the removal of the family named to Shakedown City, where they were provided for till the husband recovered his health and in time became a prominent citizen of the town.

The presence in Shakedown City of the lady, her husband and her children was a subject for ridicule of her two admirers, and they left the town.

THE TRAMP'S SIDE OF IT

He Laments the Wickedness of the World

By M. QUAD

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"Oh, yes; I see a good deal of human nature as I travel about," replied the tramp as he put his wet shoes against the hot stove, "and the more I see of it the more I wish I was a hermit in a cave up in the mountains."

"Do you find it growing worse?" was asked.

"Preachers tell us that the world is growing better," continued Willie, "but if one day's travel in the country wouldn't prove to the contrary I'd give my old hat. I began touring sixteen years ago, and I give you my word that there is at least twice the wickedness now that there was then, and it is growing mighty fast. Yes; I'll give you some illustrations.

"I meet so many liars that I have come to believe that not one man in a hundred has any respect for truth. I get two or three days' work with a farmer. After the day's work is done the family looks for me to sit down and relate my adventures. They encourage me to lie. They want me to tell about the robberies and thefts I have committed and the prisons I have been in and escaped from. If I don't lie outrageously they think I am a villain who will not give himself away; if I do lie the chances are that they will give some constable the tip and he will arrest me for the crimes I have confessed.

"I have heard husbands lie to wives and wives to husbands. I have, in fact, heard so much lying as to disgust me, and I am only a tramp. There are hypocrisy and deceit everywhere. There are swindling and graft everywhere. A country constable who arrests me on the highway as I am plodding along will swear before the justice of the peace that I was just entering or leaving a farmer's barn. The owner of that barn can be induced to go into court and perjure himself, and the justice who tries me will remark that I look like a murderer.

"I very seldom ever heard one family speak well of another in the country, but when they met they were always very effusive. One afternoon a farmer's wife had me in the house scrubbing floors and washing windows and moving furniture about. In three hours' time she blasted the character of every family for five miles around. She had just finished her tirade when a woman that she had accused most bitterly happened to drop in. The accuser rushed for her with open arms and kissed her half a dozen times before she stopped.

"I have read and heard about savagery of war—the submarines, the poisonous gases, the starvation of prisoners—but let me tell you that there is savagery elsewhere than in war. Man was born a savage.

"Let me give you an incident. I was plodding along the highway one summer morning about half-past 3 o'clock. I passed a country schoolhouse. Thirty rods beyond the house I met the schoolma'am on her way to open school. I had not quite forgotten the manners of other days, and I raised my cap and bade her a good morning. She passed on without a word in reply, and a short quarter of a mile beyond I met three children going to school. I gave them a smile and a word, and they laughed in reply. That was the whole thing, sir—the whole thing. I knew that the children stopped and looked after me, but I stepped along without turning my head.

"At a farmhouse a mile further on I got work hoeing corn. I worked so hard during the day that the farmer complimented me at night, and I heard his wife whisper to him that they had found a tramp at last who seemed willing to sweat a little to earn his way. I was to sleep in the barn and soon after [illegible] when I was rolled [illegible]

there arrived at the house, headed by the schoolma'am, a gang of five or six farmers. Three among them had guns, two had clubs, and one had a coil of rope in his hand.

"'There is the villain—that's the man!' exclaimed the woman as she caught sight of me.

"'What is the trouble?' I asked.

"'You ran after me this morning!' she cried. 'You would have caught hold of me if I had not picked up a stone and threatened to throw it in your face!'

"Well, that was a nice fix I was in," said the tramp. "Nothing of the kind had taken place, and for a minute I was dumb with surprise. Then I denied it, but it was no go.

"In a moment or two more something would have happened to me if I had not thought of the three children I met. I asked that some one might go for them, and my employer was good enough to hasten on that errand. He said that I should have a fair show. The children and their father came, and it put a different light on the story at once. When the young woman was asked why she told such a yarn, which might have brought about the death of a man, she carelessly replied:

"'Oh, I was so scared that I really don't know just what did happen.'

"My employer said to me:

"'You are an innocent man, but a marked man. You will have to go. You can't stay in this neighborhood!'

"And Weary Willie moved on," was the conclusion of the story. "He was threatened with lynching because he had raised his cap and given good cheer to a woman on the highway! Don't say we have returned to savagery. Say, rather, we have never lost it."

Cruikshank's Long Artistic Life.

In 1863 Cruikshank, the great artist, was asked by the committee who exhibited his "Worship of Bacchus" to associate with that work some of his early drawings in order to prove that he was not his own grandfather!—Chesson's "Cruikshank."

Bad Example.

"Mrs. Blinks has sold her parrot."

"What for?"

"Well, it insisted on talking, and she was afraid it might encourage her husband."—Judge.

DRIED FOODS IN CHINA.

An Art In Which the Natives Were Experts Before Our Era.

"In so far as good cooking consists in making the cheap as attractive and delectable as the most expensive, the culinary art in China is far in advance of that of all other nations," writes Wong Chi Foo, a Chinese writer, in the Hotel Gazette.

"In a land so densely populated the cook becomes at an early age an important member of the social economy. Not only the preparation of food for immediate but also for future use is his function. Long before Christ they learned to preserve fruits and vegetables by desiccation, compression, pickling, smoking, sousing and candying. They extended and applied these processes to animal tissue. Centuries ago they did what Americans cannot do today—dry clams, oysters and other shellfish until they are as hard as wood and would keep exposed to the air in any climate for years. They similarly desiccate shrimps, crabs, lobsters, flatfish, sturgeon and the like so thoroughly that they can use the unboxed goods, if necessary, for ballasting a trading vessel without injuring their quality or flavor.

"A good Chinese cook must confine his expenditures to the limit laid down by his employer—a practice in strong contrast to the loose methods in this country. He can calculate the cost of a meal to within a few cents. He can make an inferior cut of fresh pork resemble the best piece of perfumed pork, so highly prized by his employer or make a mock bird's nest soup scarcely distinguishable from the real. When the spring market falls in price he will buy a quantity of perishable goods and preserve them to last until the autumn."

Making Sure.

"I wish to buy some ointment."

"Yes, madam."

"Will you open the jar?"

"Why, this is a sealed package. Yours is an unusual request."

"I know, but I've often heard that there's a fly in the ointment, and I wish to make sure that there is none in what I buy."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Dikes and Ditches.

The word "dike" used in connection with flood damage along the Zuyder Zee is etymologically akin to "ditch," the meaning of which is familiar, and for which it is commonly an interchangeable term. But in the sense now employed it of course means an embankment. Holland is the classic land of such dikes, which date from Roman occupation before the Christian era. In the fen neighborhood both ditches and embankments are found. Miles of the latter near the outlet of the Cambridgeshire Ouse protect many acres of land reclaimed from the sea.—London Mail.

Ireland's Golden Age.

There need be no "theory" as to the early culture of Ireland. It is a fact, for example, that the Abbey of Clonmacnoise, near Athlone, was once a center of learning so renowned that scholars repaired thither from the ends of Europe, and the great Charlemagne sent it presents. And in the realms of art "The Book of Kells," a Latin copy of the Gospels, executed at that time, had no rival for delicacy of illumination.—London Standard.

Worse Yet.

"My daughter is taking singing lessons, and she keeps up such a terrific yowling that I never go home except to eat and sleep."

"You're in luck. My daughter is taking cooking lessons, and I don't even dare to eat at home."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Explained.

"Look here, you promised to have my suit ready two days ago, and it isn't finished yet?"

"Yes, I know; but, you see, you promised to pay for it as soon as it was done, and I thought I'd give you a little more time."—Exchange.

Wanted It In the Bond.

Auto Agent—Of course you understand that if you fail to meet the first note we will take the car away from you! Jones—But you cusses will promise anything! Just put that in writing!—Puck.

Day and Night Clothes.

Ragged Rogers—Dey say dat some Broadway swell never wears a suit more dan once. Frayed Philip—Well, neider do we—only it's a longer once.

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The Belgian relief fund

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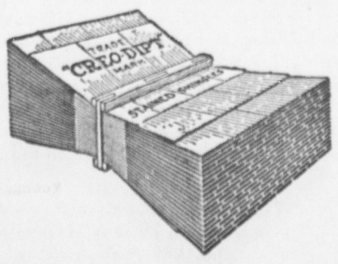

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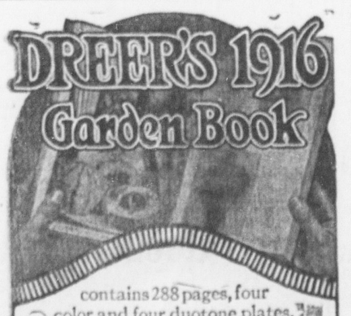

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Real Estate Bought and Sold,

RENTS COLLECTED.

Here and There.

Norman Wright this week purchased an Oldsmobile runabout.

George T. Bush was a business visitor to Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

George Lose visited with friends in Lock Haven on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Harris departed on Wednesday for Atlantic City.

Fred Chambers, of Philadelphia, was a business visitor in town on Wednesday.

Miss Sarah Bogle, of Pittsburgh, was an arrival in town on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Garber will open her dance on Friday night at 9 o'clock in the Bush Arcade.

Miss Sarah Longwell departed on Friday of last week for her home in Des Moines, Iowa.

Clayton Brown caught a 20-inch trout in Spring Creek near the Bush House on Tuesday morning.

The Penn State Thespians pleased a large audience in Garman's Opera House last Saturday evening.

Robert Saylor, who recently moved from Bellefonte to Tyrone, spent Monday in town attending to some business matters.

The public sale of horses at the Geiss livery barn in Bellefonte last Saturday was well attended. Quite a number of sales were made.

A marriage license was issued on April 20th at Cumberland, Maryland, to Franklin Hayes Letterman and Mary Daugherty, both of Milesburg.

Miss deLegard on Monday evening gave an interesting talk on her experiences and other incidents in the war zone abroad. A collection was lifted for the Belgian relief fund.

The venerable Joshua R. Pheasant, of Mt. Eagle, was a visitor in Bellefonte on Wednesday of last week for the Odd Fellows celebration and remained over on Thursday morning for the funeral of the late David F. Fortney.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Furst, of New Haven, Conn., are receiving congratulations on the birth on Thursday of last week of a daughter who has been given the name of Mrs. Furst's mother, Mrs. Caroline C. Furst, of this place.

Deputy Attorney General William H. Keller, of Lancaster, who is accompanying Governor Brumbaugh on a campaign tour of the State, came over from Altoona where a meeting was held on Saturday night and spent Sunday here with his brother, Harry Keller.

Philip B. Linn, of Lewisburg, well known in Bellefonte, has been appointed by Governor Brumbaugh a member of the board of managers of the State Village for Feeble-Minded. He succeeds Mrs. D. H. Hastings, of this place, who was one of the original appointees of the board.

Dr. Chalfant, editor of "The American Issue" of Philadelphia and a strong and convincing as well as entertaining speaker, will lecture at the Court House next Monday evening, May 8th, at 8 o'clock. Admission free to all. Come and hear him.

The second of the series of free lectures on first aid will be delivered by a physician in the Bellefonte Armory on Thursday evening, May 11th, at 7.30 o'clock. Dr. J. L. Seibert was the speaker at the first meeting, which was held on Tuesday afternoon. His talk was very interesting and instructive.

The Bellefonte High School Alumni Association at a meeting held on Tuesday evening decided to hold a banquet and dance during commencement week. The date will be announced later. Officers for the ensuing year elected were as follows: Cecil Walker, president; Miss Mary Kline, secretary, and Morton Smith, treasurer.

John M. Keichline will remove his office from the Garman Opera House building into the room on the second floor of Temple Court formerly occupied by H. C. Quigley. Mr. Keichline has had his office in the Opera House building for more than thirty years. The office he will vacate will be occupied by Justice of the Peace G. W. Rees.

The State-Centre Electric Co. plans installing this month the electric pumping engine with which to pump water for the borough. The next water duplicate will be turned over to the State-Centre Electric Co. for collection, the company having contracted to collect water rents as well as to pump water, the borough to pay $200 toward the cost of making collections.

The Republican has received a copy of "The Quiver", a newspaper published in West Philadelphia and devoted chiefly to advancing the interests of that section of the city, in which appears a large, handsome photograph of Select Councilman Ira D. Garman. "Dick" is taking a prominent part in the present political campaign in Philadelphia which in many respects is the liveliest known in that city for many years.

"The Man on the Box" is the title of a pretty comedy to be presented in Garman's Opera House Friday evening, May 5th, by the Bellefonte High School. Indications are that a large crowd will be in attendance. It is to be hoped the public will be liberal in recognizing the talent of the students and their faithful efforts to present a play that is most attractive and pleasing. Tickets 35c. On sale today at Krumrine's drug store.

Miss Grace Cook departed last Wednesday for New York City.

Miss Cora Sholl visited over the week-end with friends in Snow Shoe.

P. Gray Meek has been about the last few days enjoying the warm weather.

Robert Long, of Altoona, visited with Bellefonte friends over the week-end.

Mrs. John Harrison is having extensive repairs made to her home on Bishop Street.

Mrs. Harry Ward has been visiting the last few days with her parents in Philadelphia.

Nineteen persons from Bellefonte took in the Sunday excursion to Baltimore and Washington.

Robert Thompson has taken a clerkship at the Medes & Finkelstine pool room and cigar store.

Mrs. J. D. Geissinger was an arrival in Bellefonte on Sunday, last, from Harrisburg and Philadelphia.

Mrs. John Hinman Gibson, of Rutherford, N. J., is visiting here at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cook.

Mrs. Benjamin Bradley and Miss Mary Bradley visited on Monday and Tuesday with friends in Williamsport and Jersey Shore.

Mrs. Robert McCann, of Altoona, spent Sunday in Bellefonte as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Pierson, on Water Street.

Mrs. George VanDyke and daughter Mary are spending several weeks in Worthington, West Virginia, with Mr. VanDyke.

Mrs. Joseph Harris and two children, accompanied by Mrs. Rachel Harris, departed on Saturday, last, for Detroit, Michigan, where Mr. Harris is now located.

Mrs. Smith, who visited for a month here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Ray, departed on Saturday of last week for her home in Goldsboro, North Carolina.

The Potter House, at Philipsburg, which has been conducted for some time by J. R. Clifford, hast just been taken over by Valentine Koffler, of Rural Valley, Armstrong county.

Joseph Bertram, of near by Bellefonte, departed on Monday for Pittsburgh, where he is employed as a passenger brakeman on the Pittsburgh division of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Several students from Penn State will conduct the services in the Bellefonte Reformed church next Sunday evening. The subject will be "Temperance." There will be special music.

James Kane, who has been employed at Burnham, was home this week to visit with his mother, Mrs. Margaret Kane, on Howard Street. Jim says that work is plentiful and wages high at Burnham.

C. P. Hewes Esq., of Erie, spent last Friday in town with his son, Creswell, who is a student at the Academy. Mr. Hewes was entertained while here at the Hutchinson home on East Howard Street.

Mrs. George B. Thompson, of Alto, and Miss Hilda Thompson, of Centre Furnace, were in town on Tuesday to attend the first of the series of meeetings, Penna. Women's Division for National Preparedness.

Merril Lyon, who for the past month has been serving as express messenger for the Central Railroad Co. of Penna., is back on his old job with the Adams Express Co. R. M. Evey has been selected for the vacancy as express messenger.

Fred Hollabaugh, of Tyrone, spent Tuesday at his home here and before returning visited his sister who has been in the Bellefonte hospital for the last eighteen weeks suffering from paralysis of the right side and whose condition is unchanged.

Dr. J. Coburn Rodgers and Miles Decker departed on Monday for Wilkinsburg where on Tuesday Mrs. Samuel Decker underwent an operation. So far as is known the operation was a success. Miss Josie Decker has been in Wilkinsburg with her mother for some time.

The Centre County Medical Society are arranging for a meeting to be held in the Court House on May 10th, at 7.30 o'clock, to be addressed by Dr. A. C. Morgan, of Philadelphia, on "My personal relation to the subject of tuberculosis." The public are cordially invited.

Two base ball games were played in Bellefonte last Saturday. On Hughes field the Bellefonte Academy team defeated a team of former Academy stars by a score of 10 to 8. The picked nine included Dillon, Jameson, Symes, Beatty and Irvin, all of whom came here espectally for the game. At the glass works meadow Bellefonte High School defeated State College High School 6 to 3. The game was well played throughout.

Former Judge Orvis on Monday received a telegram from the "New York Herald" asking for an opinion on the propriety of Supreme Court Justice Hughes allowing his name to be considered for the Republican nomination for President at the Chicago convention. Similar queries were addressed to prominent Republicans and Democrats over the United States. The reply of Mr. Orvis was to the effect that activity on behalf of Justice Hughes for the nomination might be regarded as mixing the judiciary with politcs.

Mrs. Mollie Valentine will return to Bellefonte this week.

Miss Helen E. C. Overton visited over Sunday in WilkesBarre.

Miss Rebecca N. Rhoads was a State College visitor on Tuesday.

Jack Decker departed on Tuesday morning for Chambersburg.

Harry Gehret last Thursday removed his family and household goods to Corry.

Miss Anna Brown is visiting in Altoona with her sister, Mrs. C. W. Winey.

Hard Harris and William Tressler were business visitors to Snow Shoe last Thursday.

Miss Carrie Harper on Tuesday moved from the Bush House into apartments in the Crider Exchange.

Clark Carson departed on Monday for Pittsburgh where he will visit with friends for a short time.

H. J. Thompson, manager for the State-Centre Electric Co., was a business visitor to Clearfield this week.

Mrs. Merriman, who had been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Blanchard, departed on Monday for New York.

Mrs. H. D. Hemler departed for Harrisburg this week, after a visit of several months at the T. A. Shoemaker home

Nelson Showers returned on Tuesday to Bellefonte and expects to remain here with his mother for probably a month.

Mrs. James A. Beaver departed on Monday for Atlantic City, where she is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Thomas R. Hayes.

Miss Mary Brockerhoff is expected to arrive home today from Atlantic City, where she has been spending the last few months.

Miss Margaret Montgomery departed on Tuesday for Philadelphia to enter training as a nurse in one of the hospitals in that city.

G. Ross Parker and son, George, Jr., departed this week for Somerset where they will visit for a short time with Mr. Parker's mother.

Mrs. Donald S. Potter and two children departed last Friday for Crafton where they will visit with Mrs. Potter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Prince.

The banns for the approaching wedding of Miss Ethel Flack and George Carpeneto were called for the first time last Sunday in St. John's Catholic church.

John Smith, of Philadelphia, was called home this week by the serious illness of his brother George. The latter suffered a stroke of paralysis and is in a critical condition.

W. A. Sickel, of Snow Shoe, who has been undergoing treatment for rheumatism in the Lock Haven hospital for several weeks, was able to return home on Tuesday.

Miss Margaret Cook departed this week for New York City where she will attend a wedding and then proceed to Wellesley College to visit for a short time with school friends.

On the approaching Sunday, May 7th, the Springtide Communion will be observed in the Methodist Episcopal Church. Communion will be administered at both preaching hours.

Dr. T. C. VanTries departed on Monday on an extended trip through the South. He plans visiting Washington, Richmond and Lexington and other cities and likely will be gone a month or longer.

Rev. C. W. Winey, of Altoona, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Bellefonte with friends, and while he applied himself diligently along the trout streams he had little or no luck.

Herbert H. Ashman, candidate for election at the primaries on May 16th for member of the Republican State Committee from Centre County, was a visitor in town on Tuesday and while here greeted many friends.

Joseph J. Rhoads, brother of Miss Rebecca N. Rhoades of this place, recently was accorded a fine promotion by the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., being transferred from the post of superintendent of the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Division to that of superintendent of the Schuylkill Division, with headquarters at Reading, Pa.

Twenty-five students from State College will have charge of a big mass meeting in the Court House next Sunday afternoon, May 7th, beginning at 2:30. The program will be varied, with speeches, singing and instumental music. The best cornetist at Penn State will play and lead the music. The Academy orchestra will also take part. A stirring time is expected with standing room at a premium. Every-body, men and women, boys and girls, in town and out, are invited.

The entertainment given in Garman's Opera House on Tuesday evening by the public schools of Bush Addition was a pleasing success. The audience was large and appreciative. The various features were presented in a manner that reflected considerable credit on the scholars and also the teachers, and they in turn attribute no small part of the credit to David Miller, who had general supervision of the arrangements. The music for the occasion was rendered by the Odd Fellows orchestra and occasioned many words of praise. The entertainment cleared above all expenses over $30, which will be devoted to the Bellefonte hospital.

Mrs. August Glintz left for Pittsburgh, on Tuesday for a brief visit with her daughter, Mrs. O'Day.

Leroy Hartswick, who for a time was employed at the local office of the Adams Express Co., has gone to Baden, Pa., where he will be located in the future.

Water Glass Preserves Eggs.

It is during the spring of the year when eggs are plentiful that they should be "put down" or preserved for winter use. Water glass has been found to be the best means of preservation.

Only fresh, clean eggs should be used and they should never be washed. Crocks, jars, and galvanized iron or wooden vessels may be used. Crocks, however, are considered best. Any vessel used should be clean and sweet and wooden vessels should be thoroughly scalded before eggs are packed in them.

The liquid rather than the powdered form of water glass is preferable. The home economics extension department of the Pennsylvania State College School of Agriculture and Experiment Station recommends using one part of the liquid water glass to ten parts of water. It it advisable to boil the water. When the solution has cooled the eggs should be placed in it as they are gathered and the vessel containing eggs and solution stored in a cool place. There should always be one or two inches of solution above the eggs.

The solution made from one quart of water glass will preserve about twelve dozen eggs.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. Jesse A. Case, of Brockton, Mass., the world known Rheumatic Specialist, wishes to thank the readers of this paper for the kind words expressed for his book "RHEUMATISM: ITS CAUSE—ITS CURE," and the reception accorded it, remunerates him for the 20 years' labor he has devoted to the disease, and adds that any man or woman suffering with Rheumatism may have the book absolutely free by sending their name and address to Jesse A. Case, Dept. 999 A, Brockton, Mass.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain unclaimed at the Bellefonte post office:

Prof. H. F. Fenstermaker, Harry Hall, H. R. Heshey, Barney McBoland, A. Meyers, Harry Morgan. Foreign Gdetano Chichirillo (2) Dominick Dels, Guiseppe Melitto.

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1 bottle Best Ammonia . . 10c

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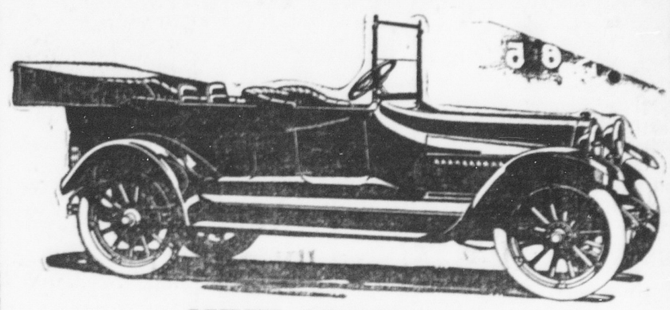

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